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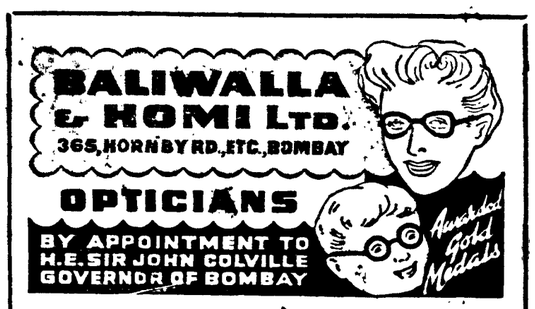


BR. CABINET MISSION IN DELHI

All Eyes On Press Conference To-day

IMPORTANT STATEMENT ON MISSION'S AIM EXPECTED

NEW DELHI, March 24. (A.P.I.)

The British Cabinet Mission landed at Palam Air Port at 12-30 p.m. today.

Sir Stafford Cripps in a few words to the press correspondents said:

"We had a very good trip. We are glad to be here. We are meeting you to-morrow afternoon. So, I must not say anything before that".

Reception At Aerodrome

The three members of the Mission came in a four-engined Boac York. Lord Pethick-Lawrence, Secretary of State for India, wearing a light cotton suit and sola hat looked tired but happy as he came out and was greeted by the Viceroy and presented to Air Marshal Sir Roderick Carr, Deputy Commander-in-Chief, Sir Edward Benthall, War Transport Member, Sir Mohammed Usman, Member for Posts and Air, and Sir Archibald Rowlands, Finance Member, who were the only members of Executive Council present at the aerodrome. Vice-Admiral Godfrey, Flag-Officer Commanding R.I.N. was among those who received the Mission.

From the plane Lord Pethick-Lawrence got into the Viceroy's car but before he drove off, he was asked by a Press Correspondent if the trip had been arduous. The Secretary of State said that it had been delightful and not too tiring and he was astonished how cool it was possible to keep on the journey.

Cripps' Talk To Press Correspondents

Lord Pethick Lawrence and Lord Wavell drove off together to the Viceroy's House.

Following the Secretary of State out of the plane came Sir Stafford Cripps, a cheerful smile brightening his lean ascetic features as he recognised many familiar faces among the Press Correspondents who soon surrounded him. He fell into animated chat with them and set them laughing with his keen quick repartees.

He strolled to the Shamiana where over a hundred newspaper Correspondents Indian and foreign were waiting. Briefly addressing them he said: "We have had a very good trip and are glad to be here. We are meeting you tomorrow, and so I must not say anything more before that."

TIP TO "SHANKER"

Mr. Alexander was able to pay some interesting visits during the five days' journey out. He stayed with Admiral Tennant at Alexandria and spent a night at Basrah. His plane was an hour late in landing in Karachi. He said and as a football enthusiast he employed that hour listening on the radio to the two English cup finals broadcast by the BBC.

Introduced to "Shanker", the cartoonist, Mr. Alexander took off his hat with mock solemnity and said: "Take a good look at me and don't forget to put in the pimple on my nose".

Preliminary Work

Members of the Cabinet Mission spent a comparatively quiet time after their arrival at the Viceroy's House but are understood to have put through some amount of preliminary work in preparation for the consultations which will begin tomorrow with the Viceroy and the members of the Executive Council and officials. The Reforms Commissioner, Mr. V. P. Menon, was at the Viceroy's House in the evening presumably to help in the preparatory work.

It was unofficially suggested this evening that tomorrow's Press Conference will mark some advance, beyond the stage of formal statements of ultimate aims.

The "Associated Press of America" adds: The ageing Lord Pethick-Lawrence looked a very tired man to be starting arduous series of negotiations designed to make a self-governing nation out of a country that has been run by the British for more than a century.

Sir Stafford Cripps and Mr. Alexander were in good spirits and journalists responded exchanging friendly banter. Many remembered Sir Stafford who arrived here exactly four years ago for an attempt at harmony that failed.

"You are fatter than before", an Indian journalist commented.

"I must have been eating too much cabbage and too many carrots", vegetarian Sir Stafford responded and the quip brought a gale of laughter from Indians huddled around him.

Sir Stafford's vegetarianism has been a bond of friendship between him and Indians, a great percentage of whom are vegetarians.

The plane carrying the mission was landed at the most distant of Delhi's airports in order to avoid crowds which, officials believed, were certain to confuse reception arrangements at the closer Willingdon aerodrome, almost within the city limits.

The pink-faced Alexander broke away from the official reception crowd almost at once when he heard beer was being served in an air station.

CRIPPS' "NO" TO BEER OFFER

"Come on Cripps, let us go get beer", Mr. Alexander said, tugging at Sir Stafford's sleeve.

"Not for me", Sir Stafford replied.

Sir Stafford then strolled out to the car amid press correspondents and cameramen who snapped him with everything from cheap box cameras to the most expensive equipment.

GENERAL AMNESTY ON APRIL 2?

CALCUTTA, March 24.:—"According to a report from New Delhi received in Calcutta on Saturday, all political prisoners are expected to be released in the first week of April", says the "Amrita Bazar Patrika" this morning.

The paper adds: "The report suggests that a general amnesty so far as political prisoners are concerned may be declared on April 2.

"It is also suggested that warrants of arrest against those who went underground in connection with the August Movement will be cancelled. The report, however, lacks official confirmation".

DIRECT APPEAL TO STALIN & CHIANG

S. A. Indians' Bid To Enlist World Support Against Racial Bill

JOHANNESBURG, March 24 (Reuter). A direct appeal to Marshal Stalin and Generalissimo Chiang Kai-Shek will be made this week by the Indian Community in South Africa in an effort to enlist their support in the fight against the Asiatic land tenure and Indian representation bill now before the Union Parliament.

Dr. Y. M. Dadoo, President of the Transvaal Indian Congress, said that South African Indians wanted Marshal Stalin to bring the matter before the Security Council.

Other cables will be sent to President Truman, Prime Minister Attlee and M. Gouin asking them to intervene.

Mr. M. Y. Nurie, who is the Congress Candidate for election to the Provincial Legislative Assembly from the Textile Labour Constituency of Bombay. The election takes place today.

WAS KIDWAI IN BOMBAY?

LUCKNOW, March 24. (U.P.I.): Mr. Harish Chandra Bajpaye, M.L.A., received a telegram from Mr. Rafi Ahmed Kidwai from Bombay stating that the latter was arriving here to-morrow morning.

It may be recalled that Mr. Kidwai left his Lucknow residence a week ago, leaving no clue whatsoever of his destination.

Fate Of R.I. N. Strike Leaders

LONDON, March 24. (UPA): The REYNOLDS NEWS today reports that Indians are disturbed at the total news blackout on the whereabouts and fate of the leaders of the recent naval ratings strike.

One Dead In Calcutta Election Firing

Communists Clash With Congress As Party Feelings Run High: 200 Injured

CALCUTTA, March 24. (A.P.I.): About 200 persons were injured, 60 of them being admitted to different hospitals, in today's clashes between supporters of rival candidates for elections to the Bengal Legislative Assembly from the three Labour Constituencies of Calcutta, Barrackpore and Hooghly.

Of the 14 persons who were admitted to Howrah Hospital today two were victims of bullet-wounds, and one of them succumbed to his injuries shortly after admission.

The police authorities deny that there was firing by them in the Sibpore area from which the two bullet-wounded victims were picked up.

COMMUNIST DENIAL

The Howrah Committee of the Communist Party in a statement says: "The Howrah Police, we hear, are spreading a canard that Communist volunteers were responsible for the shooting in Howrah today. They will not succeed in their malicious objective. There must be a thorough enquiry into the shooting and whoever is found guilty must be properly punished."

"DEATH LET LOOSE"

According to the provincial headquaters of the Communist party "Death was let loose by interested people, specially in those areas where Communist supporters were in a majority." They state that a Communist Camp at a polling office was burnt to ashes. A workmen's bustee is reported to have been set on fire, and there were attacks on a number of Communist Party offices.

About 50 Congress workers received injuries in a clash in front of the Metiabruz polling station in Kiderpore. In another clash in Entally, a dozen Congress volunteers were injured.

VIGOROUS CANVASSING

Parties of red-capped Communist workers and of Congressmen were both engaged in vigorous canvassing. Lorries flying Congress or Communist flags and filled with supporters of either party paraded the areas calling upon voters to support their respective candidates.

The Congress candidates seeking election from these three constituencies are: Messrs. Miharendu Dutt Mazumdar, Suresh Chandra Banerji and A. M. A. Zaman, the Communist Party candidates are Messrs. Chatur Ali, Somnath Lahiri and Mohamed Ismail.

RAID ON NEWSPAPER OFFICE

The office of a Bengali daily newspaper of Calcutta "Pratyaha", situated near the Communist Party headquarters on Bow Bazar Street, was raided last night, at about 1-30 a. m., by a gang of miscreants wearing red caps and shouting Communist slogans, says the joint editor of the paper in a statement. The gates were closed and bolted and the raiders left after shouting "Vote for the Communist" "Lal Zanda Zindabad" etc. He adds that about three hours later, two or three of the compositors were threatened with assault and hotly chased outside the office premises. Some cycle peons when out today for delivery of the paper containing the report of this incident were chased and belaboured and the papers were snatched from them.

Party Position In Bengal

CALCUTTA, March 24 (A.P.I.): The party position today in the Bengal Legislative Assembly composed of 250 seats is as follows:

Congress	91
Muslim League	15
Hindu Mahasabha	1
Europeans	24
Independents	8

LEAGUER ELECTED

NOAKHALI, March 24 (A.P.I.): Mr. Mujibur Rahman (Muslim League) was declared elected today to the Bengal Legislative Assembly from the Noakhali Central Mohammedan Constituency. He secured 27,507 votes, while his rivals Mr. Makbul Ahmed (Ulema), Mr. Fazlul Huq Choudhury (Bengal Muslim Parliamentary Board), Mr. Jalal Ahmed and Mr. Safiquddin polled 3,555, 5,980 and 117 votes, respectively, forfeiting their security deposits.

LEAGUE'S SUCCESS IN MADRAS

MADRAS, March 24 (U.P.I.): Four more Muslim League candidates have been declared elected to the Madras Legislative Assembly their rivals—three Congress candidates and one Majlis—having lost their deposits.

The latest party position in the Assembly composed of 215 seats is as follows:—

Congress	73
Muslim League	19
Europeans	7
Independents	2
Nationalist	1

Lahore Students End Fast

LAHORE March 24 (API.)

Eighteen M A and M. Sc. students of the Punjab University who started a fast unto death on March 20 to secure postponement of their examinations ended the fast today. This followed an announcement last night by the Senate of the University giving option to the students either to appear at the examination fixed in April to which the students had objected or another examination to be held in June.

NEXT MOVE RESTS WITH RUSSIA, SAYS QUAVAM

Iran Premier Still Optimistic About Settlement Outside U. N. O.

TEHERAN, March 24 (U.P.A.): Premier Quavam-es-Sultaneh at a Press conference today said negotiations with Russia on the withdrawal of Soviet troops from Iran had not begun and the initiative for direct negotiations must now come from Moscow.

Quavam said his two talks thus far with Soviet Ambassador Dcnikov had merely been "talks prior to the Ambassador presenting his credentials to the Shah."

He said he was still optimistic the Iranian problem could be settled before the Security Council took up the question on Tuesday, although no date was yet fixed for any negotiations with Dchikov.

Quavam reiterated his statement made at yesterday's Press Conference that the main object was the evacuation of Russian troops from Iran soil "and whether direct negotiations or the Security Council talks produce the evacuation is unimportant."

NOT RESIGNING

Quavam denied rumours that he was resigning next week and also denied that further arrests had been made after the internment of the pro-British right-wing deputy, Said Zia-ed-Din. "If anybody intrigues against public security—whether rightist or leftist—he will be arrested. But these arrests have nothing to do with foreign policy", Quavam said.

Observers said the last remark was intended as a denial to the interpretation that Zia-ed-Din's arrest was intended to placate Russia and the Tudeh Party after Iran's case was presented to the Security Council.

BRITISH ACTION

Meanwhile, a British Foreign Office spokesman said today Britain would bring up the question of Russian troops in Iran before the Security Council, regardless of any action taken by Russia to resume direct negotiations with the Iran Government.

"We are not disposed to toss our hats into the air", he said regarding Quavam's statement yesterday that direct negotiations may assure the evacuation of Russian troops in Iran before the Security Council meets.

He added that in any case Russia could not possibly move completely out of Iran "in two days time" before the Security Council meets to discuss the Iran problem on Tuesday.

MOSCOW PRESS MUM

MOSCOW, March 24 (Reuter): Up to noon today the Soviet press had made no mention of forthcoming meeting of the U.N.O. Security Council, due to open in New York tomorrow.

No Sincere Change Of Heart In Britain

Aruna Asaf Ali Says Authorities Afraid Of Indians Launching Final Struggle For Freedom

LAHORE, March 24. (A.P.A.): "A nation-wide revolution surpassing any in the past will break out in the event of the failure of the British Cabinet Mission," declared Mrs. Aruna Asaf Ali, addressing a large gathering in Lahore Cantonment.

The meeting was held to commemorate the hanging of Bhagat Singh 15 years ago today.

"This revolution will be unique in the history of all revolutions. When it starts it will not be the national leaders and workers that will be arrested. This time it will be the Viceroy and Governors who will be put under arrest," Mrs. Aruna said.

She added that she was not ashamed of owning responsibility for the subversive activities that resulted after the arrest of Congress leaders in August 1942. She explained that the leaders of Nation having been ruthlessly gagged by a foreign power whose overthrow was their declared aim, it was "the duty of the humblest workers of the nation." To continue the movement "in the best way they thought it was necessary".

Declaring that Britain was not making the present offer of freedom to India due to a sincere change of heart, Mrs. Asaf Ali asserted that "the British authorities both in India and in England are afraid that this time when India launches her final struggle for freedom the armed forces, instead of firing on the soldiers of freedom battle, might direct their weapons on the authorities."

The woman revolutionary leader called for "a more solid preparation this time" for the impending struggle, which alone she said would lead to "certain success."

Indian National Army units should be organised in every village, she said, so that these might become the nucleus of "the revolutionary struggle."

CHECK BUREAUCRACY

Task Ahead Of Congress Ministries

The A. P. I., adds: Mrs. Aruna addressing a Press conference in Ludhiana later said: The enemies of India's freedom may be out to disrupt the forces of nationalism. The Congress will have to be alert and with sleepless vigilance guard against such moves. In the very critical moments that lie between the beginning of the negotiations and their end—whatever they may be—Congressmen in offices must make sure that all past efforts of British bureaucracy or its agents to combat nationalism are ruthlessly checked. Secondly, they must refuse to tolerate such forces as have vested interest in British rule. It is obvious that imperialism's best Allies have been the bureaucracy and the Muslim League.

Mrs. Asaf Ali added: "The black-mailing tactics of the latter must not mailing tactics of the latter must and ceorce us into making retrograde and anti-national concessions. Bureaucratic power for injuring the Congress must be crippled for good. The Congress ministries everywhere should not appease either. The I.N.A. tradition of inter-communal harmony is the correct ideal of the civic and national progress".

A WORD TO UNIONISTS

She declared that the Unionist Party should undo its past sins of omision and commission against India's fight for freedom by accepting Congress ideals.

25 P. C. Increase In Ceylon's Population

COLOMBO, March 24 (A.P.I.): According to figures given in a 'Gazette Extraordinary' the population of Ceylon has increased by 25.3 per cent over that of 1931 when the population was 53,06,871. Ceylon's population is now 66,50,825 and this is exclusive of shipping and services. Following are latest figures for principal towns in Ceylon:

Colombo Town	3,64,106
Kandy Town	50,381
Galle Town	49,038
Jaffna District	62,922

STOP PRESS

MAHATAB INVITED

CUTTACK, March 24 (A.P.I.): Mr. Harekrishna Mahatab, Member of the Congress Working Committee and a Member of the Orissa Legislative Assembly, has been invited to meet the British Cabinet Mission on April 6.

RUSSIAN SURPRISE MOVE

NEW YORK, March 24 (Reuter). In a last minute surprise move before the Security Council meets tomorrow, the Russians have submitted to the committee drafting the Council's rules of procedure a proposal which would in effect give the Soviet the right to veto the classification of the Soviet-Persian differences as a "dispute", cables Reuter's correspondent.

National Recovery Within A Year

BIRMINGHAM, March 24. (A. P. A): Prime Minister Clement Attlee said here last night Britain would be "well on the way to recovery" in a year barring "industrial difficulties at home" and "disturbances abroad". He did not amplify his reference to "disturbances abroad."

Attlee, in a prepared address before the Jewellers and Silversmiths Association, appealed to employers for "the right kind of leadership" to prevent strikes and lockouts.

WHAT IS NATIONALISATION?

BRADFORD, March 24. (Reuter): The Lord President of the Council, Mr. Herbert Morrison, said here today: "The people of Britain are going to raise their standard of life. We have a chance to do it now as we never had before".

He continued: "Roughly we can value one necessary imports this year at £1,000,000,000. Our export target is at present £750,000,000, but if we reach it we shall not collect payment for all this year and when we add all our expense for relief and occupation overseas it is certain we are going to face a big deficit at the end of 1946.

"By the end of the year we hope to have something over 1,500,000 at work in the export trades".

Speaking of nationalisation Mr. Morrison said that probably 80 percent of Britain's industry and trade would remain privately-owned.

India To Get 1,400,000 Tons Of Wheat

(From Our Correspondent)

LONDON, March 24.

I understand as a result of representations made by the British Government and Indian Food Delegation, the Combined Food Board, Washington, has agreed to give India, in the next two months, 1,400,000 tons of wheat and 1,60,000 tons of rice.

BRITISH CIVILIANS IN BENGAL MOBILISE?

STRONGPOINTS ERECTED WITH RIFLES AND AMMUNITION TO COMBAT RIOT MENACE

CALCUTTA, March 24. (A.P.I.): The "Amrit Bazar Patrika" understands that "the European Association, Calcutta Branch, apprehend that due to political and communal unrest in India it is possible that rioting may take place and to meet the situation, are adopting measures to safeguard the life and property of the British civilians only."

The paper learns that "the Association held a conference early this month where the subject was thoroughly discussed, and it was decided to build defensive establishments at places in Calcutta and outside where they reside. Each of these establishments, where 'rifles and ammunition are to be maintained in relation to the number of members', will have a strongpoint where on the alarm being given they will evacuate at the time of emergency. Besides, rifles and ammunition, there will be stocked at these strongpoints food and water sufficient for 48 hours and other incidental necessaries. These strongpoints are to be under 'group commanders' already selected.

"All these arrangements, it is emphasised, are being made by British civilians in their capacity as private citizens. It is also made known to every British civilian that in the exercise of the right of private defence a civilian can utilise firearms to the extent of causing death. A number of illustrative examples have been communicated to members by way of interpreting the provisions of the Indian Penal Code on this point for their guidance in an emergency."

European Association's Reply

The "Associated Press of India" sought confirmation of the report from the European Association. The Association has elicited the following statement on behalf of the leaders of the movement.

"The leaders of the movement find it regrettable that the "Amrita Bazar Patrika" did not make closer enquiries in the first instance, as the report contains several somewhat imaginative exaggerations. On the other hand, they feel that a service has been done in rendering the legal position respecting the right of private defence more generally known, for it is up to all law-abiding citizens to safeguard both their own and their neighbours' persons and property against mob violence. Indeed, it is to be hoped that wider appreciation of this may have a salutary effect on the unruly elements whose ill-considered activities at times of communal or political tension so deplorably defame the city's fair name.

"It is emphasised, however, that there can be no question of attempting to usurp the responsibilities of the appropriate authorities in dealing with riotous disturbances as such since the right of private defence only persists so long as there is no recourse to these. Furthermore it is also emphasised that the objects in view are not, as appears to be inferred, confined to the British community alone. In other words, the primary purpose is merely to obtain adequate recognition of the rights and duties of mutual self-help on the part of all peaceful individuals when faced with a menacing situation temporarily beyond the reach of the forces of law and order".

'MAHAVIR NAGAR'

REGISTRATION OF PLOTS TEMPORARILY POSTPONED

RAO BAHADUR JIVATLAL PRATAPSEY well-known Commercial Magnate of Bombay while returning from Pilgrimage of Palitana halted at Ahmedabad and after visiting the place of Mahavir Nagar and examining the rough lay-out with his engineer has reserved a large number of plots for his Jain friends.

As plots are registered in this way we have postponed further registration of plots at the advertised rates of Rs. 2-8-0 per yard.

As we desire to construct Mahavir Nagar as an ideal city the rates for the remaining plots will be announced later on.

18-3-46.

LAND DEVELOPMENT CORPORATION,
C/o. Navchetan Sahitya Mandir
2456, Bhadra, AHMEDABAD

PUBLIC NOTICES

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA
DEPARTMENT OF INDUSTRIES AND SUPPLIES
NOTICE

The following Order issued by the Textile Commissioner to the Government of India is published for information and for prompt and strict compliance:

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA
DEPARTMENT OF INDUSTRIES AND SUPPLIES
ORDER

No. CYC-2/PCA.

In exercise of the powers conferred on me by sub-clause (c) of clause 18-B of the Cotton Cloth & Yarn (Control) Order, 1945, I hereby direct that every dealer carrying on business in the City of Bombay and the Bombay Suburban District to whom the Textile Commissioner's Notification No. T.C. (19)/45 dated 11th June 1945 is applicable, shall, on each working day, submit to the Textile Commissioner, CYC-2 Section, Wittet Road, Ballard Estate, Bombay, a return in the form annexed of all cloth held in stock by him at the close of the previous working day.

This Order shall come into force at once.

Bombay.
22-3-1946.

DHARMA VIRA
Textile Commissioner.

FORM OF RETURN

PART I.

Statement of "Fine (Super)" cloth with (name)..... Licence No.....
Quota holder of the following mills:—

(a) (f)
(b) (g)
(c) (h)
(d) (i)
(e)

as at the end of the day on.....

	Last balance		Receipts		Sales.		Stock.		REMARKS.
	Texmark	Bales	Texmark	Bales	Texmark	Bales	Texmark	Bales	
	1.		2.		3		4.		5.
1. Coating—White & Coloured									
2. Shirting & Poplin & Twill white & Coloured									
3. Cambric & Longcloth									
4. Mulmull, white voil & white doria									
5. Coloured voil & coloured doria & Chokdi									
6. Dhotie—(a) Upto 44" (b) Over 44"									
7. Saree— (a) 5 Yards (b) 6 Yards (c) 7 Yards (d) 8 Yards (e) 9 Yards									
8. Crepe & Matte & Mockleno									
9. Miscellaneous									

PART II

Statement of "Fine" cloth with (name) ..... Licence No. .....
Quota holder of the following mills:—

(a) (f)
(b) (g)
(c) (h)
(d) (i)
(e)

as at the end of the day on.....

	Last balance		Receipts		Sales.		Stock		REMARKS.
	Texmark	Bales	Texmark	Bales	Texmark	Bales	Texmark	Bales	
	1.		2.		3		4.		5.
1. Coating—White & Coloured									
2. Shirting, Poplin & Matte & Twill white or coloured.									
3. Longcloth—(a) upto 40" (b) over 40"									
4. Mulmul, white doria, white voil (a) upto 40" (b) over 40"									
5. Coloured voil, coloured doria, and chokdi (a) upto 40" (b) over 40"									
6. Dhotie— (a) upto 44" (b) over 44"									
7. Saree upto 44" (a) 5 Yards (b) 6 Yards (c) 7 Yards (d) 8 Yards (e) 9 Yards									
8. Sarees—over 44" (a) 5 Yards (b) 6 Yards (c) 7 Yards (d) 8 Yards (e) 9 Yards									
9. Boski									
10. Miscellaneous									

PART III.

Statement of "Medium" cloth with (name) .....Licence No. .....
Quota holder of the following mills:—

(a) (f)
(b) (g)
(c) (h)
(d) (i)
(e)

as at the end of the day on.....

	Last Balance.		Receipts.		Sales.		Stock.		REMARKS.
	Texmark	Bales	Texmark	Bales.	Texmark	Bales.	Texmark	Bales.	
	(1)		(2)		(3)		(4)		(5)
1. Bleached Longcloth (a) upto 36" (b) over 36"									
2. All other sorts.									

PART IV

Statement of "Coarse" Cloth with (name) .....Licence No.....
Quota holder of the following mills:—

(a) (f)
(b) (g)
(c) (h)
(d) (i)
(e)

as at the end of the day on.....

	Last Balance.		Receipts.		Sales.		Stock.		REMARKS.
	Texmark	Bales.	Texmark	Bales.	Texmark	Bales.	Texmark	Bales.	
	(1)		(2)		(3)		(4)		(5)
1. All sorts.									

		BALES.
1.	Total number of bales of all sorts on hand in the beginning of the day	....
2.	Add: Bales of all sorts received during the day.	....
3.	Deduct: Bales of all sorts sold during the day.	....
4.	Balance bales of all sorts on hand at the end of the day.	....
5.	Bales of all sorts sold to nominated buyers but not delivered.	....
6.	Bales of all sorts purchased from the Mills but not taken delivery of.	....

2. The returns prescribed above will have to be submitted by all dealers (quotaholders) carrying on business in the City of Bombay and Bombay Suburban District, who purchase cloth directly from a manufacturer or take delivery in the Bombay City and Bombay Suburban District of cloth purchased directly from a manufacturer by another dealer (quotaholder).

3. The quotaholders or dealers who are members of one or more of the four Associations specified below should submit the returns in duplicate, one copy to the Textile Commissioner and one copy to the Bombay Cloth Distribution Central Committee, 1st Ganeshwadi, Sheikh Memon Street, Bombay:
(1) The Bombay Country Fancy and Grey Piece-goods Merchants Association.
(2) The Bombay Piece-goods Native Merchants' Association,
(3) The Hindustani Native Merchants' Association, and
(4) The Bombay Cotton Cloth and Yarn Quotaholders' Association.

4. The proforma should be completed as follows:—
(1) Similar varieties manufactured by the same mills should be grouped together in showing quantity in bales against Texmark; varieties manufactured by two different mills should not be so grouped.
(2) Column 2 should show the balance at the beginning of the day to which the statement relates.
(3) Columns 2 & 3 should respectively show the receipts from mills during the day and the sales effected to holders of purchase authorities issued by the Textile Commissioner.
(4) Column 4 should show the details of stocks on hand at the close of business on the day to which the return relates.

5. The return must be sent without fail every day; but a 'Nil' or 'No change' report for each part 'Superfine', 'Fine', 'Medium' and 'Coarse' will suffice if no transaction has taken place on the particular day.

6. Failure to comply with these instructions will render the dealer liable to prosecution under sub-rule (4) of Rule 81 of the Defence of India Rules.

Bombay, 22-3-1946.

DHARMA VIRA, Textile Commissioner.

Digitized with financial assistance from the Government of Maharashtra on 22 December, 2016

PUBLIC NOTICES

ORDER

WHEREAS I consider that preparations, writing, or exhibition of writings called Bhoyee-Patrika on any road, street, lane or public place may probably inflame hostility between two classes, or incite the commission of offences and lead to a disturbance of the public peace and tranquillity AND WHEREAS it is necessary to prevent such writings and exhibitions for the preservation of Public peace and safety,

NOW THEREFORE, I HAROLD EDWIN BUTLER C.I.E., O.B.E. Commissioner of Police, Greater Bombay, under the powers vested in me by clause (e) of Sub-section 2 of Section 23 of the Bombay City Police Act, Act IV of 1902, hereby order that no person shall prepare, write or exhibit any Bhoyee-Patrika in the Greater Bombay on any road, street, lane or public place for a period of seven days from the date of this order.

Any person infringing this order shall be liable to be punished under Section 127 of the Bombay City Police Act.

H. E. BUTLER,
Commissioner of Police,
Greater Bombay.
Head Police Office,
Bombay, 23rd March, 1946.
7236

NOTICE TO BOMBAY REGIONAL MOTOR OWNERS.

OWNERS OF MOTOR VEHICLES, residing in the Bombay Region are informed that the fourth and the last quarter of the financial year 1945-1946 of the motor vehicle tax ends on 31-3-46. All owners who have paid the tax upto 31-3-46 should therefore pay or remit now to the Motor Vehicles and Taxation Departments, Gymnasium Road off Cruickshank Road, Bombay, further tax for one or more quarters of the financial year 1946-1947, so that it may be credited on or before 15-4-46. Payments will be accepted on any working day between 10-30 A.M. to 2-30 P.M. and on Saturdays between 10-30 A.M. and 12-30 P.M. Cash transaction however will remain closed on 3-4-1946 and 10-4-46 being Sectional Holidays.

Cheques should only be drawn in favour of the Dy. Commissioner of Police, Motor Vehicles and Taxation, Bombay, or the Executive Officer, Regional Transport Authority, Bombay. When tax is paid by cheque, the tax tokens and the registration certificates will be issued only after the cheques are encashed by the Bank. Any delay in payment of the tax due to any irregularity or otherwise, will render the owner or the person in possession of the motor vehicle liable to a penalty Third-party cheques will not be accepted. ALL REMITTANCES OF TAX SHOULD BE ACCOMPANIED WITH THE REGISTRATION CERTIFICATES AND TAX DECLARATION FORMS DULY COMPLETED.

Owners of motor vehicles bearing extra-provincial or State numbers should note that the fifteen days grace period does not apply to them and that the tax due should be paid on or before the expiry of the tax token if any issued to them and in case of new arrivals a report of arrival should be submitted to the Registering Authority in the prescribed form within seven days from the date of entering the Province.

Motor Owners are further informed that under Rule 26 of the Bombay Motor Vehicles Tax Rules 1940, nonuse intimation should be sent so as to reach this office on or before 31-3-46 the date of expiry of the period upto which the tax has been paid.

(Sd.) E. SHEEHY,
Dy. Commissioner of Police,
Motor Vehicles & Taxation.
M. V. & Tax Department,
Gymnasium Road, Bombay.
7217

BOMBAY MUNICIPALITY.

The MUNICIPAL WHEEL TAX for the first quarter of the year 1946-47 falls due on 1ST APRIL, 1946. The owners of motor vehicles are requested to pay their tax dues to the Ward Inspectors of the Assessment and Collection Department, or to send the amount direct to the Assessor and Collector at the Municipal Head Office, Fort, Bombay.

The following instructions are published for the information of the ratepayers.

(1) Under Section 188(1) of the Municipal Act, notice is required to be given to the Municipality within fifteen days after a person has become THE OWNER, or has obtained possession or control, of a vehicle or animal.
(2) Under Section 188(2), every person, who ceases to own or have possession of any vehicle (or animal) is required to give immediate notice, to avoid LIABILITY for the continued payment of the tax.
(3) A REFUND of the tax paid is admissible under certain circumstances, specified in Section 190 of the Act, provided due notice has been given of the occurrence of the event, and an application claiming refund is made (Section 191).

As the liability to pay wheel tax goes with the possession of the vehicle, intending purchasers of motor vehicles would do well to VERIFY BEFORE PURCHASE WHETHER MUNICIPAL WHEEL TAX on the vehicles has been PAID UP-TO-DATE.

The owners of HAND-CARTS and BULLOCK CARTS are likewise liable to the tax. They are requested to pay the amount due to the authorities named above, and to obtain number plates in token of due payment.

U. M. MIRCHANDANI,
Municipal Commissioner.
Bombay 25th March, 1946.
7218

LEGAL NOTICES

NOTICE

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that Mrs. BANUBAI SORABJI VATCHA GANDHY for self and as Executrix of the Last Will and Testament of Sorabji Burjorji Vatcha Gandhy has contracted to sell the undermentioned property to our client. All persons having any claim of any sort against the said property are requested to notify the same in writing to the undersigned within seven days from the date hereof. In default the sale will be completed without reference to such claim and the same if any will be considered as waived.

DESCRIPTION OF PROPERTY

All those pieces or parcels of vacant land or ground now forming one piece situate at Ghod Bunder Road (formerly known as Khar Road) and Turner Road Bandra South Salsette Taluka in the Registration Sub-District of Bandra containing by admeasurement 5656 Sq. Yds. or thereabouts and registered in the Book of the Collector of Land Revenue as under:—

Survey No.	Hissa No.	Area A.G.	Assessment Rs. as. ps.
235	1	0-29	8 10 0
235A	2	0- 5½	1 8 0
261A	1	0- 2	0 4 0
261B	1	0-11¾	3 14 0
		1- 8¼	14 1 0
			1 12 0L.Ft.
			15 13 0

and bounded on the East by Turner Road, North by the properties of the Trustees of the late Sir Ratan J. Tata, West by the properties partly of Gopikabai Atmaram Mankar, Mugatlal J. Bhat, Narayan Chaubal, Vinayak Phanse, Chawls of Mohile and Ghodbunder Road, South by the property of Dadabhoy A. Palkhiwalla now belonging to Mugatlal J. Bhat and partly by the property of Adarji Cursetji Panthaki Agiari.

Dated this 22nd day of March, 1946.

AMBUBHAI & DIWANJI,
Purchaser's Attorneys.
Lentin Chambers,
Dalal Street, Fort, Bombay.
(7228)

AUCTION SALES.

AUCTION SALE OF BIG LOT OF LOW CHAIRS, TABLES, CHESTERFIELD SUITES, CUPBOARDS, DRESSING TABLES, SIDEBOARDS, CHEST OF DRAWERS, WRITING TABLES, NAVA BEDS, CHAIRS, TABLE LAMPS, ICE BOXES, BOOKSTANDS, BRUSHES, DISTAMPER PAINTS, ETC.

Under instructions from the Court Receiver, Bombay, as Receiver appointed in Suit No. 1995 of 1945 (Cowic vs. Warden) Messrs. BENNETT & CO., will on THURSDAY, 28th March, 1946, at 3-0 P.M. (S.T.) sell by Public Auction at their Auction Rooms the abovementioned furniture on view from 27th.

BENNETT & CO.

AUCTION SALE OF BUILDING MATERIALS AT PARSI GENERAL HOSPITAL, CUMBALLA HILL.

By order of the Land Hiring & Disposals Service we shall sell by Public Auction, on site, on Wednesday 3rd April, 1946, at 3 P.M. (S.T.) the building materials of the temporary structures known as the Indian Military Hospital, Cumballa Hill, and erected in and adajacent to the premises of the Parsee General Hospital for demolition and removal from the site. Terms: 25% deposit balance in 7 days delivery in 28 days from confirmation.

CRAWFORD & CO.

UNIQUE OPPORTUNITY TO JEWELLERS.

AUCTION SALE OF RICH JEWELLERY including two diamond bangles, one diamond necklace, one pearl necklace, 2 Pairs Kudas on Friday, 29-3-46 at 3 P.M. (S.T.) at our rooms at 72, Medows Street, Property of a private gentleman. Terms: 25% Deposit. Goods on view from 28-3-46.

AUCTION SALE OF 6700 Gross Portuguese, Elephant Brand bottles' Corks of 0,-00, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8 & 18 Nos. assorted, in good condition, good packing, on Saturday, 30-3-46 at 4 P.M. (S.T.) at vendors' godown at ground floor of Khimji Meghji House, Isaji Street, Old Bardan Gully, under instructions from M/s. Gandhi Vasantlal Vadilal & Co. and on account and at the risk of the party concerned. Terms: 25% Deposit.

GANDHI & CO.

"ELITE" Icecream

FREEZER

MAKES YOUR ICECREAM & MILKSHAKE READY WITHIN 2 MINUTES

PRINCES, HIGH COURT JUDGES, DOCTORS, MAGISTRATES, ENGINEERS, BUSINESS MAGNATES, EDUCATIONISTS, FILM STARS are daily using it.

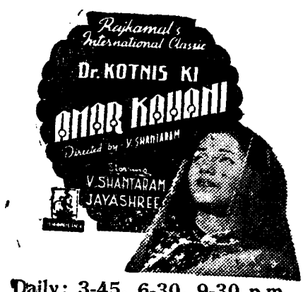
WHY NOT YOU?

Local demonstration given without obligation. PRICE Rs. 20 EX-SHOWROOM, LAHORE.

RAM LALL KAPUR & SONS

39, Commercial Buildings, Lahore.
Local Agents:—RAZZAK LTD.,
P. O. Box 332, Bombay.

UNPRECEDENTED CROWDS FOR EVERY SHOW ACCLAIM



Daily: 3-45, 6-30, 9-30 p.m.
Sat. Sun. Today 1 p.m.
Plans open 10 to 12, 3 to 6 p.m.
2nd HOUSE-FULL WEEK
SWASTIK

MATINEE TODAY 1 P.M.
NAVYUG'S Streamlined Hit
DIN RAAT
Starring: SNEHPRABHA
Daily 4, 7, 10. To-day 1 p.m.
7TH WEEK of SUCCESS
KRISHNA
A PEERLESS Release

MATINEE TO-DAY 1 P.M.
EASTERN PICTURES'
ZEENAT
10TH HOUSE-FULL WEEK
Daily 4, 7, 10. To-day 1 p.m.
SUPER

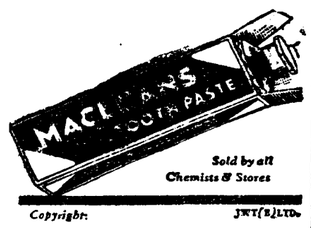
MATINEE TODAY 1 P.M.
Jamuna Productions'
RATTAN
Starring: SWARNALATA
11TH HOUSE-FULL WEEK
Daily: 4, 7, 10. Sat., Sun. To-day 1 p.m.
IMPERIAL

MATINEE TODAY 1 P.M.
JAYANT FILMS' Social Hit
INSAAN
Starring:
SHOBHANA SAMARTH
Daily: 4, 6-45, 9-30 p.m.
Sun., To-day 1 p.m.
3RD WEEK OF FULL-HOUSES
CAPITOL

A Picture Amongst Pictures
GHULAMI
9th WEEK
MAJESTIC
4, 7 and 10 p. m.
Matinee: Sat., Sun. 1 p. m.

Did you MACLEAN your teeth to-day?

Yes, I never miss



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MT. 6047—Size 6"x1 col. 1945.

MATINEE TO-DAY 1 P.M.
SHREE VISHNU CINETONE'S
BHAKTA
PRALHAD
Starring: LEELA CHITNIS, ULLHAS, ANANT MARATHE,
Daily: 4, 7, 10. Sun. To-day 1 p.m.
3RD WEEK OF CROWDS
NOVELTY
A 'SELECT' RELEASE

JAYANT DESAI PRODUCTIONS'
Sohni Mahiwal
ISHWARLAL BEGUMPARA
2ND WEEK
Daily: 4, 7, 10.
NEW WEST END
A LUCKY Release
Reservation: 10 to 12, 4 to 6

7TH WEEK
KARDAR'S Film for the Families
SANYASI
Starring: SHAMIM
Daily: 4, 7 and 10 p.m. at
KAMAL
SUNRICH Release.

IT HAS SET THE WHOLE TOWN THINKING!
SHARBATI ANKHEN
WADIA MOVIETONE
THE PROVOCATIVE SOCIAL FOR THINKING PEOPLE
VANMALA, ISHWARLAL, HARISH
Director: RAMACHANDRA THAKUR M.A.
MINERVA
Daily 4, 7 and 10
Sun. Hol. 1 p.m.
Advance 10 to 12.

IT THROWS NEW LIGHT ON THE HISTORY OF INDIA
RANJIT'S
Great Historical
Rajputani
Starring:
VEENA, AIRAIJ, BIPIN GUPTA, GULAM MOHMED
Director: ASPI
ROYAL OPERA HOUSE
Daily: 4, 7 & 10 p.m.
Advance Booking: 9-30 to 12-30 & 3 to 6-30

CITY AND SUBURBS

To-day

Hindu: Falgun Vad 7, 2002
Muslim: Rabi-ul-Akher 20, 1365
Parsi: Meher 23, 1315
Sunrise: 6-40 a. m. Sunset 6-51 p.m.
Hightide: 03-26, 17_04
Lowtide: 10-00 22_50

Today's Engagements

MUNICIPAL CORPORATION: No meeting of the Corporation to-day (Monday). Next meeting on Thursday March 28 at 3_40 p.m. (S.T.)

AKERI GRAM HITAVARDHAK MANDAL: Meeting of members today (Monday) at 3 p m at R M Bhatt High School Parel. Mr V P Sabnis will preside.

A. I. TEXTILE CONFERENCE: At the request of the public, the third All-India Textile Exhibition at V. J. Technical Institute premises, Matunga, will be kept open to-day (Monday) also from 2-30 to 8-30 p.m.

BOMBAY SHROFFS (BANKERS). ASSN LTD.

It is hereby resolved that members of The Bombay Shroffs (Bankers Association Ltd. should close their Hundi and other business on Monday (25th March) on account of elections to the Provincial Legislative Assembly.

GOVERNOR AT MR. HOMI DUGGAN'S WEDDING: The Governor of Bombay accompanied by Lady Erskine_ Hill attended the wedding of Mr. Homi Duggan at 'Lawnside' Harkness Road.

J. J. HOSPITAL CENTENARY CELEBRATIONS: The General Secretary Centenary Celebrations, J. J. Hospital and Grant Medical College, Bombay writes. We are observing "Rag Day" on the 28th, 29th and 30th inst. The public are requested to donate money these days for the noble cause.

79TH ANNIVERSARY OF THE BOMBAY PRARTHANA SAMAJ: Lecture (in Marathi) on "Life of Chaitanya" by Purushottamshastri Dattawadkar at 6-30 p m (today) in the Prarthana Samaj Hall, Girgaum.

UNIVERSITY VOTERS OF BOMBAY ASSEMBLY: The last date on which voting papers of Registered Graduate voters of the Bombay University Constituency of the Assembly must reach the office of the Collector of Bombay, is Wednesday (27th inst.) All voting papers must be sent by post.

CHILD ART SOCIETY: Opening of Special Exhibition of paintings by Master Abhay Khatau at Cama Oriental Institute, Apollo Street will be performed by the Mayor of Bombay at 6-30 p m today (Monday). The exhibition will remain open to the public till March 30, from 11 a m to 7 p m.

TO-DAY ON RADIO

BOMBAY—1
MONDAY, March 25.

244 m (1,231 kc/s) 8-0 a m News (H) 8_15 News (E) 8-30 Gajanan Karnad (Violin) 8-50 News (M) 9-0 News (G) 9_10 Navnitlal Jariwala 9-30 Akkubai Pasupleti 12-0 p m Women's Program_me (H) 12-45 News (M) 12_50 News (G) 12-55 News (H) 1_0 Azambai (Kolhapur) (M) 1-30 News (E) 1_40 Music 4-20 Akkubai Pasupleti 4_50 Gajanan Karnad (Violin) 5-15 Folk_Songs of Maharashtra 5-45 Topical Talk 5_55 Locals 6-0 Kavya Wachan (M) 6-15 Ahmed Dilawar 6-30 News (E) 6_40 News (H) 6-45 Azambai: Thumri 7-0 Raga Ani Vel. 7-30 N S Khalikar 8_0 Ade Raste (G) 8-15 News (M) 8-30 News (G) 8-45 Sansar Chitre 9_0 News (H) 9-15 News (E) 9.30 B B C News 9_40 Programme Parade 9-45 This Week in Bombay 10-0 Akkubai Pasupleti 10-30 Rambhau Gulvani.

WHY THIS DRIVE AGAINST INDIA

Revealing Statement In Natal Report

BOMBAY, Friday: "The Indian of the affluent class is a menace to European civilisation and hence he must be segregated."

This revealing extract from the Natal Post-War Reconstruction Committee's report was read out by Mr. S. R. Naidu at a reception given to him and other members of the S. African Indian Delegation by the Indian Merchants' Chamber this evening.

Mr. Mahomed Husein Hasham Premji, President of the Chamber, welcoming Mr. Sorabjee Rustomjee and other members of the delegation said, "No self-respecting community of people can ever accept the new legislation of Smuts lying down; and Indians, wherever they may be, and all other subject races everywhere, are in no mood today to bow to such tyranny."

Mr. Rustomjee, replying to the reception, criticised the Government of India for its half-hearted and belated measures to counteract the Union Government's vicious anti-Indian policy. He said that economic sanctions should be applied now and not three months later. The High Commissioner for India in the Union should be recalled forthwith, he said.

Mr. S. M. Kajee, a member of the delegation, accused the British as the arch-instigators of anti-Indian feeling in S. Africa.

RIOTS FOR FOOD IN SICILY

MESSINA, (Sicily) March 22 (Reuter): Two people were killed and many injured today when crowds of the unemployed staged all_day riots, sacking UNRRA ware-houses and demolishing local Government offices. Police were powerless and made vain efforts to prevent the crowd from carrying rice and flour from the UNRRA dumps. The Custom House Tax Offices were destroyed.

The police have banned all meetings of more than five people in the town which at the moment is calm but tense.

TO WORSHIP IMAGE OF LIVING BEING IS DEGRADATION OF HINDUISM

Gandhiji Advises Temple Owner To Remove Idol & Convert Building Into Spinning Centre For Poor

AHMEDABAD, March 24 (A.P.I.): "Worshipping of my image, I consider to be a gross form of idolatory. The person who erected the temple has wasted his resources by misusing them. The villagers who are drawn there are misled and I am being insulted in that the whole of my life has been caricatured in that temple", writes Mahatma Gandhi in an article in this week's "Harijan" referring to a news item published some time back that his idol was installed with Hindu orthodox rites in a temple.

Writing under the caption "a temple to Gandhiji" Mahatma Gandhi says, "under this strange heading, I read a newspaper cutting sent by a correspondent to the effect that a temple has been erected where my image is being worshipped. This I consider to be a gross form of idolatry. The person who erected the temple has wasted his resources by misusing them. The villagers who are drawn there are misled and I am being insulted in that the whole of my life has been caricatured in that temple. The meaning that I have given to worship is distorted. Worship of the Charkha lies in plying it for a living or as a sacrifice for ushering in Swaraj. Gita is worshipped not by parrotlike recitation but by following its teaching. Recitation is good and proper only as an aid to action according to its teaching. A man is worshipped only to the extent that he is followed, not in his weakness but in his strength. Hinduism is degraded when it is brought down to the level of the worship of the image of a living being. No man can be said to be good before his death. After death too, he is good for the person who believes him to have possessed certain quantities atributed to him.

As a matter of fact, God alone knows a man's heart. Hence the safest thing is not to worship any person, living or dead, but to worship perfection which resides only in God known as Truth.

TRUE WORSHIP

The question then certainly arises as to whether possession of photographs is not a form of worship carrying no merit with it. I have said as much before now in my writings. Nevertheless, I have tolerated the practice as it has become an innocent though a costly fashion. But this toleration will become ludicrous and harmful if I were to give directly or indirectly the slightest encouragement to the practice above described. It would be a welcome relief if the owner of the temple removed the image and converted the building into a spinning centre while the poor will card and spin for wages and the others for sacrifice and all will be wearers of khaddar. This will be the teaching of the Gita in action and true worship of it and me.

coming more and more brutal. You have condemned the Hooliganism of the masses but you say nothing about the brutality of the military."

This is a specimen of thoughtlessness. People have no right to commit excesses whereas the military is the very embodiment of madness. Condemnation of military madness would be meaningless when the very institution of the army is condemned. But criticism of their conduct becomes necessary as a warning to the Government. There is a time and occasion for everything. It would be out of place when condemning popular excesses.

What is the duty of a satyagrahi-General- Should he reform his own army or that of the opponent? If he reforms his own, the power of the opposing force is sterilised. If the process continues over a sufficiently long period, the opponent is 'ipso facto' completely transformed. The critic's remarks can only be meant for me. Others have already condemned military excesses. In my opinion, we have not as yet got sufficient material to judge them. I expect that this is being prepared. The duty of the people however is to turn the searchlight inwards. Too much brooding over the wrongs of others is apt to lead one imperceptibly to act likewise.

It would then be a case of the pot calling the kettle black."

Pakistan And Freedom

AHMEDABAD, March 24 (A.P.I.): "Hope knows no insurmountable complications," says Mahatma Gandhi answering the question in this week's "Harijan" that "you (Mahatma Gandhi) have declared that freedom seems to be near. But I cannot follow the point. The Pakistan problem is only one complication against you."

Mahatma Gandhi adds: "But why ask when the answer will be known within a few months, if not weeks, and I am not the only optimist this time."

Military, Very Embodiment Of Madness, Says Mahatma

AHMEDABAD, March 24 (A.P.I.): In a note in this week's "Harijan" Mahatma Gandhi writes: "You are aware that "pari passu" with the growth of popular outbreaks the lawlessness of the military is also be-

Death Of Ex-Congress M.L.A.

(From Our Own Correspondent).

JUBBULPORE, March 23.—Death, due to heart-failure has occurred at his residence at Balaghat of Seth Badri Narayan Agrawal, ex-M.L.A. (Congress). The late Mr. Agrawal had, owing to his advanced age and failing health, retired from the active politics since 1942 soon after his release from the jail which he had courted by offering 'individual' Satyagraha. He was 66 years old at the time of his death. The municipal and the district council officers and schools were closed for a day as a mark of respect to the memory of the departed patriot of the Balaghat district.

MATRIC EXAM. PAPERS. Some "Matric Candidates" of Shikarpur wire thus: "Matric candidates Shikarpur Centre strongly protest against stiff papers in English and Sanskrit. Request lenient assessment".

'MUSLIM INDIA' AND MIDDLE-EAST

Jinnah Deplores Attlee's Statement In Parliament

LAHORE, March 23 (A.P.I.): Mr. M.A. Jinnah, President of the All-India Muslim League, in an interview to the Associated Press of India, said "Naturally we have the fullest sympathy with the people of Iran but we no longer can allow ourselves to be made a pawn when it suits the British, to use us when they please, to do so for their purposes.

Mr. Jinnah was referring to the question put by Mr. M. R. Masani yesterday in the Central Assembly about Iran and the reply given by Mr. Weightman, Secretary for the Department of External Affairs, on behalf of the Government of India.

"Muslim India", said Mr. Jinnah, "wants great Britain and America to make their position clear vis-a-vis' the Pakistan demand of Muslim India. Mr. Attlee's recent pronouncement in the Parliament, is most deplorable unless Britain and U.S.A. make their position clear in regard to the Muslim countries in the Middle-East and Muslim India."

Mr. Jinnah declared: "We refuse to play in their hands as it suits them. And our sentiments and deep feelings for the people of Iran cannot be allowed to be exploited.

"I feel very strongly now," said Mr. Jinnah "and I call upon His Majesty's Government and President Truman to let us know what is their real and honest attitude towards National aspirations of the Arabs, the Egyptians and the Indonesians and other Muslims countries and towards Muslim India and their demands which they have repeatedly made clear and which means nothing but barest justice to them."

FACTS BELIE LEAGUE CLAIMS

'Independence Will Solve Hindu Muslim Problem' Avers Mr. Rehman

AHMEDABAD, March 23 (A.P.I.)—Mr. Hiffazur Rehman, General Secretary, All-India Jamiat-ul-Ulema, and a member of the Nationalist Muslim Parliamentary Board, in an interview said: "The claim of the Muslim League to be the sole representative body of the Muslims has been disproved. In the Frontier, a Muslim Majority Province, the Congress captured majority of seats while in U.P., Muslim Minority Province, though the Muslim League has captured majority of Muslim seats, it got only sixty per cent of the Muslim votes while the rest were cast against it.

Had there been free elections and no official help to League candidates the League position would have been different."

Regarding the Cabinet Mission Mr. Hiffazur Rehman said: "I have no faith in such mission and delegation. If the British Government is in earnest it would have straightaway conceded Independence to India which alone would solve the Hindu Muslim problem."

(Continued From Col. 7)

which members of your community are engaged.

CONGRESS SUPPORT ASSURED

Before I conclude this just one thing I should like to say and that is, that so far as I am aware most of you friends who hail from South Canara are nationalistically minded and the majority are probably Congress-minded. It will interest you as Congress-minded men and women that the co-operative movement has been accorded a very important place in the economic and social programme of the Congress which it may put forward in its election meetings, it contemplates the starting of co-operative societies for helping the agriculturists, the artisan with the means of production, with facilities for marketing supplies through industrial co-operative societies and it also contemplates experiments being made in co-operative farming in various parts of the country, so that in our country we shall have Agriculture, which is our principal industry, carried on in the interest of the tiller of the soil the Congress contemplates the Agricultural Industry being carried on at as early a date as possible in the direct interest of the tiller of the soil through organisations controlled by them—because that is where co-operative farming will differ from collective farming or from State farming. It also contemplates that a great national industry like the fishing industry should also be organised on co-operative lines and it is because our national organisation contemplates all our economic and social life being organised so far as possible on co-operative lines that it visualises the setting up in the not distant period of co-operative societies."

Mr. Mehta then formally declared the Bank open.

PRESERVE YOUR Charm

KANTI Soap

SWASTIK OIL MILLS LTD. BOMBAY 15

A NEW CO-OPERATIVE BANK IN BOMBAY

Congress Accords Cooperation A Prominent Place In Its Social And Economic Programme, Says V. L. Mehta

The opening ceremony of the Mogaveera Co-operative Bank, Ltd., Bombay, was held on Monday last at the Cama Oriental Institute under the presidentship of Mr. Vaikunth L. Mehta.

Mr. H. K. A. Kundaran, Chairman of the Bank, after welcoming Mr. Mehta and the guests, dwelt on the need for a Co-operative Bank felt by the Mogaveeras, the fishing community of South Canara, to develop the fishing and other industries in which they were engaged, and to encourage thrift and co-operation among the members.

TRIBUTE TO MOGAVEERA COMMUNITY

Expressing his great pleasure in declaring the Bank open, Mr. Mehta said that on behalf of the workers in the co-operative movement he would like to offer the warmest felicitations to the promoters of the Bank, for the very splendid effort they had put in, in order to bring into existence the institution. Mr. Mehta went on observing as follows:

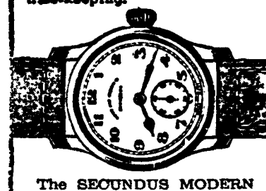
As you, Sir, have pointed out, only very recently Mahatma Gandhi has had his attention turned to the need for the development of this industry and I am sure that when persons belonging to your community, your leaders, communicate to him your views on the lines on which the development of this industry can be taken on a basis which will promote the economic welfare of every individual engaged in the Industry, I am sure he will turn to the development of the Industry with the same zeal that he devotes to the development of the various national industries of our country, especially those industries in which the bulk of our countrymen engage themselves. Mahatma Gandhi looks at this question also from the point of view of nutrition, mainly from the point of view of adding to the food resources of the country today, when, as you are aware, the food resources are very short. We are confronted, we are faced, by a world shortage of food resources, which is not likely to disappear for a period of 5 years or 10 years and it is desirable that all over the world efforts should be made to add to these resources by all means possible. Mahatma Gandhi, as you are all aware is, and has been, a vegetarian all his life. He is Ahimsa incarnate. At the same time, as you all know, he is a practical visionary and it is a practical visionary that he lays emphasis on the need for the development of the industry in

(Continued In Col. 5)

The Engineer....

...and his watch!

In the workshops, the throbbing machinery causes strong vibration, metallic dust is in the air, the controls keep hands and wrists active. Watches worn under these conditions, must be sturdily resistant to severe wear and tear, to the entry of dust, to magnetic and other deleterious influences. Hence the popular demand among Engineers, Mechanics and others for West End watches which are strongly constructed and ceased to withstand rigorous use and maintain the greatest accuracy of time-keeping.



An Engineer writes:—"It may interest you to know that I bought one of your wrist watches over 2½ years ago. In this time it has kept perfect time and has needed no repairs whatever, despite having been in very bad weather and, at times, being covered in sand, dust, and perspiration. . . . ." (Sd.) A. C. S. Capt. (R. E.)

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A THOUGHT FOR THE DAY

Public life tries character as by fire. It tries it in success, and it tries it in the moment of what the world calls failure.

—Stanley Baldwin.

The Bombay Chronicle

LAST OPPORTUNITY

The Cabinet Mission has arrived in India at a time when the country's long frustrated hope of liberation is impatient of any further delay in its fulfilment. Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel mildly expresses the feeling of tension when he says that this is perhaps Britain's last opportunity in India and that he does not know what may happen if Britain misses it. Mrs. Sarojini Naidu expresses the same fear when she says that the people of India have reached "the climax of their patience" and that the British have now "the last psychological movement" to bring about a friendly settlement with India. Leaders like the Sardar and Mrs. Naidu are hardly the persons to indulge in threats. They think they owe it to India and to the British Mission itself to reveal to the latter, as early as possible, the true state of things in the country without the slightest reservation. They do this in thoroughly cordial terms after they and other Congress leaders had done everything possible to ensure a friendly reception to the Mission. Even in his latest statement the Sardar assures Britain that "if power is now transferred to India both India and Britain will be able to start a new era of friendship as between two equals in which all past bitterness will dissolve itself" and that Gandhiji, who has suffered most as a result of British action, will lay sure foundations of cordial relationships between the two countries.

That the Mission has many difficulties to contend with in bringing about an all-round settlement is but too obvious, though most of the difficulties are the results of Britain's own creation. Minorities have been unconscionably pampered for years past and encouraged to make unreasonable, if not impossible, demands. Only a few days ago did the Prime Minister state for the first time in recent years an elementary principle of democratic government that no minority, however important, would be allowed to put a veto on the nation's advance. The first statement issued by the Mission fairly emphasises this view when it says that the discussions with Indian leaders and elected representatives are meant only "to speed the fulfilment of your aspirations to take full control of your own affairs and thus enable us to complete the transfer of responsibility with pride and honour to ourselves". The Congress, on its part, will help the mission in every way in this task. And so far as the minorities are concerned, it is always prepared, as pointed out by Sardar Vallabhbhai, "to go to the farthest extent to meet the legitimate demands of the minorities and provide them with all reasonable safeguards." As regards Pakistan, the Congress has already decided that, though it stands for a Federal Union of all the parts of India, "it cannot think in terms of compelling the people in any territorial unit to remain in an Indian Union against their declared and established will". This is in accordance with the Cripps offer of 1942 and one cannot imagine the present Mission going farther in placating any province.

This attitude of the Congress towards the Pakistan issue has satisfied numerous Muslims but Mr. Jinnah persists in his demand for an ill-defined Pakistan and his claim to Assam as part of it, though it is not a Muslim majority province. In his latest statement he claims that 90 per cent of Muslims have voted for Pakistan of his view. We believe that different Muslims have understood Pakistan in different ways. When the League view is not fully explained, one cannot say there has been any decisive voting on Pakistan. The whole question is to be considered at the Constituent Assembly. Mr. Jinnah will, of course, be heard if he reasons out and explains a Pakistan scheme and makes out a case for it with facts and figures. But if he goes on crying slogans and indulging in threats he will do more harm than good to the Muslim League cause. He must be more serious and reasonable if he wants to be taken seriously.

Vote Congress

The Congress has so far captured every seat it contested in the Bombay Assembly elections and has thus already 122 seats to its credit in a House of 175 members. That is a good measure of the people's confidence in the Congress policy. We feel confident that at today's election from the Textile Labour of Bombay and Kurla by voting solidly for Mr. M. Y. Nurie, the Congress candidate, the workers will prove conclusively that they are not behind any other class of voters in the province or the country as a whole in their support to Congress. The last Congress Government did much for the welfare of workers in spite of protests from many millowners and is prepared to do more on assuming office. It is in the interests of the workers themselves to make Mr. Nurie, who has already been a Congress Minister, their representative.

We also hope that Muslim voters of Bombay North will strongly support Mr. Ali Bahadur Khan, an Ahrar Party's candidate for the Assembly. For years past he has been a staunch Muslim worker and has suffered much for his cause. For the very reason that he is a popular worker and is bound to persuade numerous Muslims to vote for him he was assaulted brutally the other day by some opponents during his propaganda. But for the very reason, among others, that he is still in hospital owing to his injuries, chivalrous Muslims should make it a point to do everything possible to ensure his return by a large majority.

About Mr. B. G. Kher's success in the University Constituency there has never been any doubt. But, as we have pointed out before, a worthy Congress candidate like him deserves to be elected by an overwhelming majority. Care should be taken that the election papers are received by the Collector of Bombay by the afternoon of 27th instant.

Narrow Outlook

At the annual general meeting of the Bombay Millowners' Association last week Sir Vithal Chandavarkar, the retiring Chairman, suggested that, since the available supplies of cloth were swinging back to pre-war levels, Government should concentrate its attention "more on price fixation and distribution." Perhaps it is suggested that Government should relax its restrictions on exports. Sir Vithal leaves no doubt about this when in an altruistic vein he adds: "India has a duty to perform to those countries which have helped her in the past and will continue to help her in future, in the matter of supplying foodstuffs etc., and unless we strain every nerve to keep our 'per capita' consumption of cloth and yarn at reasonable levels, it may not be possible for us to render any help to those countries in the near future." That cloth may be exported to any country which demands it in return for food to be supplied to us goes without saying. But export for lesser considerations cannot be encouraged just at present. It should rather be stopped except in return for food and other necessaries of life.

Sir Vithal points out that the production of cloth in 1945-46 would have been larger had it not been for "the unconscionably large number of spindle and loom-hours lost through strikes, hartals and shortage of labour." It may be conceded that some of the strikes and hartals were unnecessary. But it is not fair to condemn them generally merely because they reduce production. Hartals are often a political necessity, though it may not be appreciated by all millowners. And strikes are the last and only effective weapon in the hands of workers to improve their working conditions, which are none too good in India. Indeed, it is mainly because of unsatisfactory working conditions that there is the shortage of labour and absenteesm which the millowners always deplore. Yet when the Labour Member of the Government of India undertakes a few measures of reform Sir Vithal frets and fumes saying: "I must record my emphatic protest at the way in which things are done and the imperfect and incomplete piece of legislation which was hatched in the Hon'ble Member's Department and rushed through the Assembly". While Sir Vithal protests against the Government of India's hasty action for Labour welfare, he protests against the Bombay Government for not taking prompt action against lightning strikes. He evidently expected something drastic from a Government which is not answerable to any Legislature. But the Government has at least the capacity to think of the morrow. The millowners, too, will be benefited by more foresight and more sympathy for workers' rights and interests. Workers' conditions are bound to be much better in the years to come. But the improvement need not be the result of prolonged conflict between Labour and Capital.

Frankly Speaking

Stalin's Assurance

Two statements made almost on the eve of the Security Council Session and within twenty-four hours of each other have added to the keenness of expectancy. The first comes from Generalissimo Stalin through the Associated Press of America and the second from M. Qavam-es-Sultaneh, the Premier of Iran. M. Stalin's statement has been described as "brilliantly timed." Considering the atmosphere that has been created by recent events and conflicts between Big Powers and eminent statesman, M. Stalin has undoubtedly relieved somewhat the international tension. It is, of course, true that nobody wants war—the London "Daily Herald" incidentally notes a distinction made by M. Stalin between nations and their armed forces but we hope there is no special significance in it. What is particularly welcome is M. Stalin's declaration of faith in, and allegiance to, the United Nations Organisation and, even more, his open support to the "principle of equality between nations" as opposed to the "principle of domination of some by others." We have always denounced the tendency of the Big Powers to bully smaller ones in defiance of all international principles and obligations, as if the latter having inferior material resources and strength had little or no right to be regarded as equals. Let us hope, M. Stalin's statement means a genuine assurance to, for instance, Turkey and Iran.

Exciting Statement

The second statement, that of M. Qavam, is very interesting not only because he has spoken after quite a long diplomatic silence but also because he has uttered a remarkable and almost exciting opinion that a Russo-Iranian agreement on the fundamental issue will have been arrived at before the Security Council meets today. M. Qavam emphasises that the first and foremost issue is the military evacuation of Iran, and expects it today. It is possible to view all this with a good deal of reserve. For instance, the process of withdrawal begun today, may be inordinately prolonged once the Security Council has adjourned. Moreover, the first thing that the Iranian Cabinet should do after the Russians have left is to hold an election and enable the formation of a new Parliamentary Cabinet; it is immaterial whether M. Qavam today enjoys popular support or not. The important fact is that since the dissolution of the Majlis he is no more than a "caretakers'" Government which cannot constitutionally or democratically bind Iran to agreements with Russia regarding any economic or political matters. These are serious considerations, but we earnestly hope any agreement arrived at today over the fundamental issue will be utilised not for prejudicing the interests of Iran but for opening the way to the establishment of satisfactory friendly relations between Russia and Iran on the basis of "equality between nations" and not on that of "domination of some by others."

Lebanese Victory

The Lebanese deserve to be congratulated on what is undoubtedly a victory, which their determined patriotism and unwavering stand for sovereign rights have just won for them. It will be recalled that both the Levant States, Syria and the Lebanon, had protested to U.N.O. against continued presence of British and French troops and had demanded their withdrawal. The matter, however, was eventually left to a conference of the parties concerned. As a result of discussions Syria was to be evacuated almost immediately. But as regards the Lebanon the British and the Lebanese agreed to the end of June next as the date for British evacuation. The French, however wanted more than a year in which to pack up and quit. The Lebanese quite rightly rejected this demand, but it is pleasing to note that better counsels have prevailed with the French Government, which has now agreed to withdraw French troops by the end of August unless plans can be completed for them to leave along with the British. The Lebanese have been wise in allowing the French the extra period of grace. We welcome this agreement in the hope that it implies, on the French side, the acceptance of complete Lebanese, as well as Syrian independence without any reservations.

Sjahrir's Efforts

A recent statement by Dr. Sjahrir confirms the fact that the anti-British and anti-Dutch flare-up at Bandoeng and in Sumatra was the direct result of the provocative landing of Dutch troops on Java. Dr. Sjahrir has stated that it is the work of extremists and that the Republican Government itself was trying to deal with the outbreaks. This is proof, if any proof was needed, of the 'bona fides' of Republican leaders and of their desire to reach agreement with the British and the Dutch by friendly means if possible. The least the British and the Dutch can do in response is to carry out the immediate suggestions of the Indonesian Premier, namely, to postpone the clearing up of the Bandoeng area by force of arms and to refrain from landing any more Dutch troops. The Indonesian leaders are, today keen on achieving the country's freedom by negotiations. But recent incidents are a warning for the British and the Dutch. If these leaders are sought to be frustrated all Indonesians including Soekarno and Sjahrir will turn "extremists."

OUR READERS' VIEWS

Keep Ordnance Factories Intact

The Executive Committee of the Northern India Mercantile Chamber of Commerce, Lucknow, at its last meeting, has done the right thing by requesting the Government of India to keep Ordinance Factories and their staff intact in order to give lease of life same to the Indian industrialists on the same terms and conditions as has been done in England.

The Ordnance Factories with their present equipment and staff should remain intact and not come under demobilisation, and the same should be handed over to the Industries Department or to the industrialists in order to industrialise India at a time when she is unable to get men and material from other advanced countries in order to develop her industries.

'AN INDIAN'.

ELECTIONS TO SIX BOMBAY ASSEMBLY SEATS TO-DAY

LINE CLEAR FOR LEAGUE CANDIDATES IN SOUTH URBAN CONSTITUENCY

Elections for six seats for the Bombay Legislative Assembly will take place in the city and suburbs of Bombay today (Monday). Four of these are Muslims seats, one from the Textile Unions and one from the Seamen's and Dockworkers' Unions.

Although the names of eight candidates appear on the ballot paper for the Bombay South Mahomedan Urban Constituency, there are really only two candidates. These are Khan Bahadur Hasanali P. Ibrahim and Mr. Husein Beg Mahomed, both nominees of the Muslim League. The other six candidates, Mr. Adamali Mulla Nurbhai, Mr. Isakbhai Abbasbhai Bandukwala, Mr. Fakruddin Ghulam Husein, Mr. Mahomed Hassan, Mr. Nuruddin Yusufali Bandukwala and Mr. Salebhoy Abdul Khader have all announced their intention of not contesting the election. Therefore, the election is expected to be merely a tame and formal affair.

SPECIAL ARRANGEMENT FOR WOMEN VOTERS

There are 72,000 voters in this constituency. Eight polling booths have been provided for them. Men and women voters of "A" Ward will go to a booth on the Esplanade Maidan, Waudby Road. In the "B" Ward there are four booths. Men voters of Mandvi and Chakla area will go to the booth at the Municipal Playground, Memonwada Road and women voters of the same locality will go the St. Joseph's High School at Dongri. Men voters of Umarkhadi and Dongri areas will go to the booth at Beg Mahomed Park, Mahomedali Road. Women voters of the same locality will go to the Municipal playground south of Dongri Municipal School.

In the "C" Ward there are two booths. Men go to the Municipal playground at Mutton Street. Women will go to the Beg Mahomed Hall, Mahomedali Road. In the "D" Ward men and women will go to the Gilder Tank Maidan at Lamington Road.

KEEN CONTEST FOR 2 SEATS

There is likely to be a keen contest for the two seats in the Mahomedan Urban Constituency for the Bombay North and Suburbs. There are three candidates in the field. Mr. Mahomed Umar Rajab and Haji Nurmahomed Ahmed are contesting on the Muslim League ticket. Mr. Ali Bahadur Khan is standing on the Ahrar ticket. Mr. Khan who was assaulted, allegedly by his political opponents, is still lying in the J. J. Hospital. His condition, however, is reported to have improved considerably, and hopes to come out of hospital sometime today.

There are 66,000 voters in this constituency. Of these 46,586 are in the city divided as follows: "E" Ward 32,067; "F" Ward, 6,312; "G" Ward, 8,207. The rest are in the suburbs.

BOOTHS IN E. & F. WARDS

In the "E" Ward there are three polling booths. It would appear that the men voters of the Ward are listed in an alphabetical order. All those with their names beginning from A to J go the polling station at Mastan Tank. The rest have a booth provided for them at Willington Park Agripada. Women voters of the Ward will go to the Municipal Urdu school, Mastan tank road.

In the "F" Ward there are two polling booths, for men at the Municipal playground opposite, Bhoiwada police station and for women at R. M. Bhat High School, Parel.

In the "G" Ward men voters will go to the booth in the compound of the Rahimtoola Currimbhoy Urdu school at Mahim. Women voters of the same locality will go to another booth in the building of the same school.

KEENEST FIGHT FOR TEXTILE UNIONS SEAT

The seat for the Bombay City and Suburbs Textile Unions will perhaps be one of the most bitterly contested seats in the current elections in Bombay. It is shared between registered members of textile unions in the city and in Kurla. In the city itself there are two unions recognised for the purpose of this election. The Red Flag Girni Kamgar Union claims as many as 12,000 voters on its register. The Bombay Mill Workers' Union, has also about 2,000 men on its rolls. There are five different booths at the Kamgar Maidan where these men and women will vote.

DANGE OPPOSED BY NURIE

Claiming their support is Mr. S. A. Dange, veteran Communist leader and one who has been most prominent in organising the textile workers of Bombay. But because of the disagreement in national policies between the Congress and the Communist Party of India, the Congress Election Board has sought to test the support it commands from members of the working class. For this purpose they have put up Mr. M. Y. Nurie, ex-Minister in the Congress cabinet to contest this seat. The present indications are that despite the personality of Mr. Dange, the Congress candidate is assured of heavy support.

There are also four other candidates in the field: Mr. B. L. Belose, Mr. H. R. Kolte, Mr. P. Tukaram and Mr. V. S. Gaikwad.

Compared to this election the one from the Dockworkers and Seamen's unions is a humdrum affair. Six unions have already elected a college of 89 persons who will select one of the two candidates, namely, Mr. Mirza Akhtar Hussein and Mr. D. S. Kamble. This election will be held at the Anjuman Islam High School, Fort.

BOOTHS FOR TEXTILE UNIONS CONSTITUENCY

The following polling stations have been fixed for elections in the Bombay City and Suburban Textile Unions Constituency and the Ahmedabad Textile Unions Constituency to be held today. The polling hours will be from 8 a. m. to 6 p. m.:—

BOMBAY CITY AND SUBURBAN TEXTILE UNIONS CONSTITUENCY

The Bombay Mills Workers' Union, Bombay—Polling Station at Gokhale Park (Kamgar Maidan) Parel, for all voters.

The Bombay Girni Kamgar Union (Red Flag), Bombay—Four polling Stations at Gokhale Park (Kamgar Maidan) Parel. Polling station number 1 for No. 1 to No. 3999 of Union (except women voters); Number 2 for No. 4000 to No. 7911 of the Union (except women voters); Number 3 for No. 7912 to No. 11998 of the Union (except women voters); Number 4 for all women voters.

The Kurla Girni Kamgar Sangh, Kurla—Polling Station at Police Station Kurla, for all voters.

BOOTHS IN MUSLIM CONSTITUENCIES

Ali Bahadur Khan Complains Against Goonda-Ridden Areas: Collector's Assurance

BOMBAY, Friday.

In a letter addressed to the Collector of Bombay, Mr. Ali Bahadur Khan, candidate for the Bombay Assembly, complains that some of the polling booths in Muslim Constituencies of the city and suburbs are located in areas "infested with rowdy elements." His letter states: "I am surprised to read in the papers the list of the polling booths for Bombay City North and Suburban Districts (Urban) for Muhammedans. It seems as if the selection for the sites is made by Muslim League. Booths for women have been selected in places which are notorious for goondaism. Sites at Nagpada, Mahim, Kurla and several other places are Muslim League strongholds and infested with rowdy elements. It is simply impossible for me to advice my voters to risk their lives by going to such places for casting votes.

I record my emphatic protest on the selection of such sites. If these booths are not shifted from the present sites it will mean giving a walkover to the Muslim League candidates. I hope you will rectify the mistake immediately."

COLLECTOR'S REPLY

The following is the reply received by Mr. Ali Bahadur Khan from the Collector of Bombay:—

"Reference your letter dated 18-3-46. There will be adequate police arrangements at the polling stations fixed for the purposes elections from the two Muhammedan Constituencies of the Bombay Legislative Assembly and there will be no interference from Goondas."

A JINNAH SOLILOQUY

Mr. B. F. Bharucha writes:

What is wrong with my stars today; My Lord? Till yesterday, Pakistan was within my grasp. The British Cabinet, the Viceroy and the majority of the Governors seemed to favour my pet plan of Pakistan. Today their sudden transformation has simply bewildered me! I thought, the British Parliament would continue their age long policy of maintaining Balance of Power in India. I felt, President Truman was well impressed with my clear demand of self-determination for my ten crores of Muslims. I took it, that Marshal Stalin would use all his influence at the U.N.O. meeting to grant full autonomy to my dear Pakistan. But, some black cat has crossed my path, and upset my plans. The Punjab has clearly gone out of my hands. Sindh is fast slipping out! Assam is clean gone; and Bengal will fall in line with the Punjab! So where art thou my Pakistan Pari? Whither art thou flying my Fair Pari? Forsake me not, my sweet Fairy! How shall I live without thee, oh Fairy?

COMMUNISTS AND VIOLENCE

Pattabhi On Shape Of Things To Come Under Popular Ministries

MASULIPATAM, March 23 (A.P.I.)—Dr. B. Pattabhi Seetharamayya, Member, Congress Working Committee, has issued the following statement to the press:—

'Now that the Communists have openly contested the elections, I had hoped they would play the game. But yesterday, I met a batch of victims on my return journey from Bezwada, being taken to hospital, beaten on heads and shoulders at Katuri polling station where Alluri Satyanarayanaraju, formerly a Communist and now a Congress candidate for the Bhimavaram Constituency, was working and was aimed at. The victims protected Satyanarayanaraju and, themselves receiving the blows, saved his life. The authorities were wired to and a reserve force arrived at Katuri. The same party told me that the Revenue Divisional officer of Nuzvid was roughly handled by a Communist voter at Vuyyur. Several other incidents of violence are also reported."

On these incidents, says Dr. Pattabhi, we have a timely though undesirable warning to all, whom it may concern about the nature of coming events. I myself have read Communists' pamphlets dated December 16 last in which a directive was issued to the effect that whereas hitherto their policy had been preventing strikes, hereafter, it must be promoting strikes. The difference in policy obviously is due to the change from the past Advisers regime to the immediate future Congress Ministries' regime."

Action Against Municipal Board Chairman For Creating Nuisance

LUCKNOW, March 24. (A. P. I.): A notice under section 133 Cr. P. C. has been served on Mr. N. K. Halwasiya, Chairman, Lucknow Municipal Board, and on the Executive Officer, by Mr. B. D. Sanwal, City Magistrate, Lucknow, for heaping rubbish on a public road in the city, and creating nuisance affecting the health and sanitation of the city.

TÊTE-A-TÊTE

WITHOUT COMMENT—

Dr. Kishevara, a leader of the Iranian Tudeh Party, says: "The Tudeh Party opposes presentation by M. Ghavam-es-Sultaneh, Prime Minister, of the case to the United Nations' Security Council believing that the Persian Russian differences are insignificant and a matter for direct negotiations."

* * *

Speaking at Nagpur, Dr. N. B Khare made a plea to the United Nations Organisation to take up the issue raised by General Stone' Asiatic Land Tenure Legislature

The suggestion, however, lacks confirmation that Dr. Khare had forgotten that he was a member of the Government of India which is a member of the United Nations Organisation.

* * *

Louis Fischer has announced his intention of visiting India in September next.

It is a despairing and even exasperating thought that all that those great men Lord Linlithgow and Sir Reginald Maxwell did for the honour and glory of the Empire and World Democracy and for the defence of their beloved India, is, one by one, being undone even in minor personal details.

* * *

At a London meeting Mr. Reginald Sorensen, M.P., uttered a warning that the situation in India was 'explosively urgent."

In fact, one of the main situations in India has lately been exploding every day with progressively increasing intensity

* * *

"Agreement"—we are respectfully quoting Mr. M. A. Jinnah—means not 'veto' by any elements but compromise, and willingness to compromise in India is an essential test of the sense of responsibility on, which free Governments must be based."

Provided ever and always that the other party is willing to offers and accepts "compromise."

* * *

Says Dr. Sapru: I have been noticing for sometime past that the good faith, honour and sincerity of Mahatma Gandhi and other leaders are being challenged in certain quarters from day to day in most unbecoming language."

We beg to protest. Not "unbecoming." No Sir, not "unbecoming." But in most picturesque and impressionistically expressive language.

* * *

The general opinion in London international circles is that Generalissimo Stalin has eased the prevailing tension somewhat with his latest statement.

It did. And then our feeling of suspense was made somewhat more tense by M. Ghavam hinting at the possibility of an agreement by today.

* * *

The Soviet Government has informed the Chinese Government that all Soviet troops will be withdrawn by the end of March.

Together with all Japanese industrial equipment?

By the way, did we say end of March? We apologise. It is end of April.

* * *

"Whither Stalin"? is the title to Louis Fischers latest weekly article in the "Bombay Chronicle Weekly."

The answer should geographically be simple: East and West and also South.

KARAKA ON NEW YORK

NEW YORK WITH ITS PANTS DOWN by D. F. Karaka (Thacker & Co., Ltd.) Rs. 5-14.

I cannot pretend to bring to this review of "New York With Its Pants Down" an assiduous study of the works of its author, but none who have even nodding acquaintance with Bombay journalism can possibly miss D. F. Karaka or his writings, which loom so large in the craft of penmanship in this city. A typical product of his age, Karaka has always displayed, in marked degree, its peculiar foibles and its special brilliance.

That is true of "New York With Its Pants Down" which is a series of pen-pictures of New York life, in many and varied aspects—from the gushing hat-check girl to the frigid Society dame of Park Avenue, from the laconic taxi-driver ("the best in the world") to the garrulous political leader.

Written in terse, racy prose, the narrative is not without humour and a certain pungent wit, originating mainly in the mental attitude of the writer to the subject of his writing. From start to finish Karaka is poking mild ironical fun at New York's more cherished institutions and ideas and, in the process, succeeds in performing the quite extraordinary feat of keeping his tongue in his cheek right through the 100 pages of small print.

"My dear fellow, someday you'll realise it's not just anybody who can rise to be doorman of El Moroso", that is a good example of the strain in which the book runs. The hotels in New York, he says, studied every requirement of yours, and every effort was made to make one feel at home; but, "it was only when I got my weekly bill that I realised it was a dubious honour." Again: "What I liked about the dollar was its speed. I've always had a fatal fascination watching horses in an exciting photographic finish, seeing speed-track motor drivers take dangerous corners, but there was no illusion of speed to compare with the dollar". Or take this quip about the English language. Says an American on being told that it is difficult to understand him: "Well, that's because we took the language from the God-damn English and put some stream-lining into it. They still speak like that damn poet Shakespeare. But he's all dead and washed up."

What is most attractive about Karaka is his eternal freshness—amounting almost to innocence. His approach and his re-actions display an ineffable wonder at his surroundings and the people he meets. He has not lost his capacity for surprise. In many ways Karaka is still in swaddling clothes, at the feeding bottle stage. He is still the infant—if sometimes, the "enfant terrible."

That is also his greatest fault. Childlike, Karaka is too prone to accept everything at its face value. He will not probe beneath the surface of things and try to fathom the lower depths. After all, if one might quote the words of the former Mayor of New York, Fiorello H. La Guardia, that appear on the fly-leaf of the book, "Washington is the capital of our Government but the real capital of this country, its heart from which flow the cultural and economic currents is New York."

And, it is the heart of one of the world's greatest Powers. Quite apart from the stupendous miracle of its industrial development, today its politicians are shaping the destinies of the entire universe and its financiers are replenishing the coffers of three-fourths of the nations of the world. It has its problems on the same titanic scale, and peculiar to its own genius.

For instance, one finds not a hint of that urgent class struggle that is the theme of Upton Sinclair's whole work; nor a word of that irreconcilable clash between white and black that is of the very essence of America's life —a thing apart and the source of one of humanity's great tragedies.

J. F.

R FOOD FRONT

SAVE THOSE PRECIOUS MOUTHFULS

LEFT-overs are a luxury which we simply cannot afford in these days of food shortage.

On an average, a meal consists of 32 mouthfuls. One mouth-ful left-over a day means 11 meal in a year. You can imagine from this how much food would be saved if not one of us threw away a single mouth-ful on any day.

And so:

buy only the minimum rations you need
and
cook only the minimun you require for consumption.

Save the mouthfuls and help to feed hundreds of your brethren.

SAVE ALL THE FOOD YOU CAN: TO WASTE IT IS A CRIME

8A813

Jawahar Warns Planters

No Exploitation Of Cheap Indian Labour

KUALALUMPUR, March 23 (U.P.I.)—Better treatment of the Indian labourers in Malaya was demanded by Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru speaking at a Press Conference here. He said that if the Indian labourers were not treated properly, India would not supply labour to this country in future. He added that a free India would not send abroad her labour at all.

Answering questions about the Indian independence movement under Japanese auspices during the last war Pandit Nehru said: "The movement strengthened the position of the Indians in Burma and South-East Asia psychologically and in other ways. It also helped lessen certain internal conflicts among the Indians. This movement was fundamentally different from ours in India which is based on peaceful methods. But then conditions were naturally different outside India. In India we still adhere to peaceful methods, not for moral or ethical reasons, but because we know that under the present circumstances they are effective."

Referring to Asian unity and co-operation Pandit Nehru said: "A country like Malaya where various Asian peoples live offers special opportunity to develop Asian unity and co-operation. It was suggested sometime ago that a conference of representatives from various Asian countries should be held so that they could meet together. India will gladly organise such a conference and invite others to attend it as soon as it is feasible. It is obvious, in consideration of common interests based on geographical and historical issues, that we should seek each other's co-operation against common peril."

Regarding the policy practised in the rubber plantations here Pandit Nehru said: "The rubber plantations here are run with cheap labour or rather exploited labour. In future one will not be able to exploit in the same way as in the past. We must possibly think in terms of changing economy of the plantations, but exactly how I do not know. Personally I don't believe in this monopoly concentration. Either the plantations should belong to the State or to co-operators."

Plea For Co-operation Of East & West For Mutual Benefit

PENANG, March 23, (Reuter): India was making a momentous change, but in so doing was not thinking in terms of conflict of nations, said Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru, addressing a great gathering of Indians, Chinese and other communities at Ipoh, Perak, this evening.

"If we are intent on our independence, we shall achieve it soon enough" he said.

A new life had come to Malaya, Pandit Nehru declared. "We must co-operate with neighbouring countries, both to the East and West, and play an effective part in the things to come, for the mutual benefit of East and West."

Rousing Reception At Ipoh

SINGAPORE, March 24, (Reuter): Thousands of Indians, Chinese and other nationalities gave Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru a rousing welcome when he arrived at Ipoh, North Malayan town, last night.

Addressing crowds of the town's Esplanade, Pandit Jawaharlal declared: "The age of imperialism and colonialism is dead, but in the inevitable awakening of Asiatics and the change-over that must come after 200 to 300 years of European domination over Asia, we are not thinking in terms of a conflict between nations".

He recalled that when he last visited the town nine years ago, he found "a complacent Indian population, not over-desirous of working too hard", but he now found a totally different spirit—a spirit also manifest in other Asiatic races.

Nehru Wants India To Be Powerful

PENANG, March 24, (Reuter): Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru, addressing a mass rally today, said: "I want India to be a powerful and prosperous country, but not at the expense of others".

Stating that "we are no longer going to tolerate domination over us", Pandit Nehru asserted: "I am convinced that if colonialism and imperialism continue, there is bound to be a world war."

Pandit Nehru said that he found Indians in Malaya in good spirits and with the feeling that their Motherland was going to be free. "They have a good heart and this is the message I am going to send to India".

Malayan

FUTURE CONSTITUTION OF INDIA

Plea For Indian States' Consultation In Drafting

SANGLI, March 24 (A.P.I.) The view that Indian States should be represented on the Constituent Assembly by elected representatives of the States People was expressed in a resolution passed by the Deccan States Elected Legislators Convention held here today, under the presidentship of Mr. A. B. Latthe, Hon. Mr. Mangaldas Pakwasa, President, Bombay Legislative Council., inaugurated the Convention. The resolution further urged that states people should be consulted while drafting the future Constitution of India.

Another resolution passed says that rulers of State does not and cannot represent the rights, interests and aspirations of the States People; but represent their own interests.

UNITE & ASSERT RIGHT

"This is the time for you States People to unite, be firm and assert your right to govern yourself. You must now establish your legal and constitutional existence", observed the Hon'ble Mr Mangaldas Pakwasa, inaugurating the Convention.

Mr Pakvasa urged the people of the Indian States to press for direct representation of States people on the All India Constituent Assembly. He further said that the people of the Indian States must assert their legal and constitutional existence now at this critical stage in the history of India.

Mr. Latthe, stated that it was the elementary and fundamental right of the people of the States to send their representatives to the Constituent Assembly and emphasised that they should press their demand resolutely and it shall certainly be granted.

Control On Tyre And Tube Lifted

NEW DELHI, March 24. (API). Consequent on the improvement in the supply position of passenger car tyres and tubes, the Tyre Rationing Order, 1945, is being cancelled with effect from March 26, 1946, says a Press note. From that date the procurement of all types of tyres and tubes will be free from control.

Azad For Lucknow

LUCKNOW, March 24. (API). The Congress President, Maulana Abul Kalam Azad, will arrive in Lucknow tomorrow evening.

Violent Anti-Occupation Campaign In Japan

LONDON, March 24, (APA): "The News of the World" said today in a special dispatch from Sapporo, Hokkaido, that the scant "few hundred" American paratroopers on Japan's northernmost main island were faced with the beginnings of a violent anti-occupation campaign.

Correspondent A. Noyes Thomas said posters appearing in public places called on Hokkaido's three million population to "arm yourselves even with bludgeons." American officers said they had not enough interpreters to even check all the posters.

Thomas said a curfew had been imposed and all Japanese houses placed off limits for American troops in a "tense and hostile" atmosphere.

Dr. Hamied Sees Gandhiji

(From Our Correspondent)

POONA, March 24.

Dr. K. A. Hamied, who returned last week to Bombay from U.S.A. and England where he had been as head of the Indian Chemists' Delegation and had had interviews with Sir Stafford Cripps, on the Indian situation met Mahatma Gandhi to-day and reported to him the talks he had with prominent British politicians.

Premji's Assurance To S. Indian Delegation

BOMBAY, March 23, (API): Mr. M.H.H. Premji, President, Indian Merchants' Chamber, today assured the South African Indian Congress Delegation that the commercial community of India would do all that was necessary and all that lay in their power to make the trade sanctions against South Africa effective.

Speaking at a reception to the Delegation by the Chamber, Mr. Premji described the latest legislation affecting South African Indians as "hateful" and that it should be referred to the U.N.O.

Mr. Sorabjee Rustomjee, Leader of the Delegation said that the Government of India was half-hearted in enforcing the trade sanctions against South Africa and the three months' notice which preceded the sanctions made them almost completely ineffective.

Municipal Boy Scouts Rally

The annual rally of municipal boy scouts was held at Gilder Tank Maidan, on Wednesday, Mr. S. K. Patil, who presided said that boy scouts would have to play an important role in future and shoulder great responsibility. A free India would need more and more such scouts, and he wished that all pupils attending schools would take to scouting and imbibe the spirit underlying the movement.

The Chairman of the Municipal Schools Committee, Mr. Salebhoy Abdul Kader, welcomed Mr. Patil.

INDIAN FOOD DELEGATION DISSATISFIED

LONDON, March 23, (APA): The Indian Food Delegation has returned from Washington "very definitely dissatisfied" with the results of its mission.

This statement came from N. Madhava Rao, Dewan of Mysore, who was a member of the Food Delegation.

The Dewan said however that "we must wait for the final version of food allotments from Washington this week end".

CONGRESS SUPPORTS M. I. ROWJI

The Bombay Municipal Congress Party, at a meeting held on Sunday decided to support Mr. M. I. Rowjee for the office of the Mayor of Bombay.

According to the Convention followed by the Corporation, it is the turn of a Muslim to be the Mayor of Bombay for 1946-47. It is understood that there are two aspirants to the mayoral chair, Khan Bahadur Mahomedali Allabux and Mr. M. I. Rowji. The Congress Party having decided to vote for the latter, his election may now be regarded as certain.

Mr. Rowji is an influential member of the Ismaili Khoja Community and the Chief Wazir of the Aga Khan, in Bombay.

FIRING VICTIMS PUT UP CLAIMS

BOMBAY, Sunday.

The Chief Presidency Magistrate's Court was packed during last midweek, by a large number of men and women—relations of the persons who were injured or died during the police and military firings recently.

Among the crowd were girl-widows, whose husbands had been shot; old women whose sons had lost their lives when stray bullets struck them; men with bandages on hands and legs who had just been let out of hospitals. One or two men who had been shot in their legs had come limping to the Court.

Mr. Gordhanbhai Patel, representing many of the people who were present in Court filed 50 applications for compensation. Collectively, the claims put up on behalf of the 50 applications amounted to Rs. two lakhs.

ANJUMAN-I-ISLAM

At a meeting before the Advocate-General of Bombay, a scheme was approved by which a number of Muslim charities are to be placed under one Central Management.

By this scheme a new body to be called the Anjuman-i-Islam is to be incorporated under the Indian Companies Act and this new body is to take over the management of all the charities now being managed by the well-known and old established Association known as the Anjuman-i-Islam.

A feature of the new body is that an entirely new class of members who will be called life members will be created. Only those persons who will enter into a covenant to serve the Anjuman full term for 20 years will be eligible to be life members. Life members will have special representation on the General Council and on all the Boards to which the various charitable activities will be delegated.

It is understood that a fair number of the present employees of the Anjuman-i-Islam and the other amalgamating charities have already offered themselves as life members.

An application has been made by the new body to Government for omission of the word limited after the name and it is expected that the whole scheme will come into effect before the middle of this year.

A scheme of reconstruction and extension in the premises of the Anjuman-i-Islam Girls' High School in the Saboo Siddick Bagh at Bellasis Road, has just been completed at a cost of over Rs. 30,000.

Aga Khan Hockey

LUSITANIANS 'B' AND G. I. P. 'B' DRAW

BOMBAY, Sunday.

Lusitanians 'B'	2
G. I. P. 'B'	2

The first match to result indecisively in the Aga Khan Tournament this year was between the second strings of G.I.P. and Lusitanians. The score was two all and not even the extra time allowed by the referee could produce the match-winning goal.

Clerk netted first for the Railway and when half-time was called there was no addition to the score. But on resumption Braganza shot the equaliser only to have Clerk score again a few minutes later.

The second equaliser who scored by Correa who beat the goal-keeper by a beautiful cross shot that went high to the defender's right hand corner.

The extra time marked a determined struggle by both the sides but did not prove fruitful.

The following were the Teams:—

Lusitanians "B":— E. Pinto; A. Pereira and V. Pereira; C. Menezes; Louis Ferad and J. Vaz; C. D'Souza; P. Correa; John Vaz; C. Braganza and A. Fernandes.

G. I. P. Rly. "B":— Skeller; Midford and C. D'Souza; Mascarenhas; H. Fernandes and Pavey; A. Fernandes; G. Ferai; Quareshi; J. Clerk and Delgado.

To-day's match:— 5-20 p.m. Kirkeans v. Times

Ranji Final

BARODA'S POOR TOTAL

INDORE, March 24.

Baroda were all out in their replay for 198. V. S. Hazare was the top scorer being unbeaten with 87. C. S. Nayudu captured 5 wickets for 66 runs.

In their second knock Holkar had made 137 for 7 wickets.

Scores:—

Holkar (First Inning) 342 (C. K. Nayudu 200) Baroda (First Innings) 198 (V. S. Hazare Sr. C. S. Nayudu 30-7-66-5).

Holkar (Second Innings) 137. for 7 wickets (Nimbalkar 40; C. K. Nayudu batting 33).

Iraq Supports Palestine Arab Cause

BAGHDAD, March 23 (Reuter): M. Tawfiq Suwaidi, the Prime Minister of Iraq, broadcasting today on the celebration of the first anniversary of the Arab League, pledged support of his Government for the Arab cause in Palestine and for the Arab League.

The pact forming the Arab League was signed in Cairo on March 22 last year by Egypt, Iraq, Syria, the Lebanon, Saudi Arabia, Transjordan and the Yemen—seven States with a total population of about 40,000,000.

PASSAGE TO U. K.

India Can't Secure All She Needs For "Some Time To Come"

NEW DELHI, March 23 (A.P.I.): The question of passages to the United Kingdom was recently discussed at a conference convened by the Government of India in Delhi. It was presided over by Sir John Thorne, Home Member, and was attended by representatives of the European Association, the Associated Chambers of Commerce and the National Service Advisory Committees.

The Home Member said that the Government of India were fully alive to the great difficulties resulting from the acute shortage of passage accommodation. They had repeatedly urged India's needs upon H.M.G.

The first demand on the shipping available was the release and repatriation of servicemen to which H.M.G. had given over-riding priority.

The outward passage situation, he said, was much easier and likely to improve and the Government would continue to press India's vital needs in this matter upon the attention of His Majesty's Government in the light of representations made by delegates to the conference. But, the Home Member gave a warning that the fact must be faced that India was not likely to secure all she needed in respect of passage accommodation for some time to come.

ARAB LEAGUE

A Note Of Warning

(From Our Own Correspondent)

JERUSALEM, March 17.

Three problems will have to be disposed of when the Arab League assembles on March 25, one year after its inception, in addition to the announced agenda dealing with cultural and economic problems.

First: the evacuation of foreign troops from Syria and the Lebanon.

Second: the independence of Trans-Jordan.

Third: the strained relations between the Saudi and Hashemihe dynasties which was accentuated by the appearance of the Amir Abdullah's memoirs. It can be stated that these memoirs are out of date and would wisely be disregarded since the Arab League was set up by the free will of the Arab States and the interests of states should be guided by practical needs and not by emotion or personal feeling.

At this stage it would be well to sound a warning against foreign intrigue which seems to be rampant already. It seems that Britain, which welcome the rise of the Arab League, and probably hoped to steer its future course, discovered that this body preferred to act independently and was prepared to co-operate on condition it would not become a tool in the hands of any power. It should, therefore, one not surprise one to discern the efforts of certain elements who sow the seeds of discord among the member-states and thus create divergencies. It should also be borne in mind that Zionism is extremely vexed at the activities of the League.

FIRESTONE TYRE

First Made In India

How the Firestone Tyre and Rubber Company of India produced their first "Made in India" tyre in January 1940 was narrated by Mr. Don Wenzel, Managing Director of the company at a lunch in the Taj Mahal Hotel on Wednesday last.

Mr. Wenzel said in 1939 when the Firestone Tyre and Rubber Company started their factory at Sewree, a staff of 25 American technicians were brought to India as this was a new venture. It was stipulated that these technicians would stay in India only for a year or a year and a half to train Indian workmen and then go back to America. But they forgot the inherent capacity of the Indian workmen and their skill and precise workmanship, for the technicians had to return to America within six months, instead of year or eighteen months. In 1939 when the war started, Government of India, placed orders for the army. The Firestone Factory was built for the production of about 400 tyres per day, but the work so much expanded that 50 per cent of the military tyres and tubes were made in Bombay besides many thousands of airplane tyres ranging from the small sizes required on the Fighter planes to the huge 56" tyres used by the famed Flying Fortresses and Super Fortresses in their relentless bombing of Japan. As the war was now over, Mr. Wenzel announced that the Government of India had relaxed the restriction on rubber control, and he hoped in future to meet the demand, the Firestone's staff would be equal to the task, and as an earnest of that he unveiled the First DeLuxe White Sidewall tyre made in India.

Mr. Noormahmed M. Chinoy thanked Mr. Wenzel for the reception of the guests and wished Firestone Company continued success and prosperity.

'Jay Hind' Captures G. C. Factory Workers!

(From Our Own Correspondent)

JUBBULPORE, March 23: A mild flutter is reported to have been caused among the employees of the Gun Carriage Factory, Jubbulpore, when some workers moulded a die bearing the inscription of 'Jai Hind" and stamped the slogan 'Jai Hind' on the clothes of fellow workers with the same. The G. C. Factory being a military concern, the action of the persons who were responsible for moulding the die with the 'objectionable' slogan was seriously objected to by the senior officials. But since they did not like to antagonise the workers, they acted tactfully to avert the united protest of the workers. It is, however, learnt that the names of the ring-leaders have been noted down in the 'black-list' and it would not be surprising if they are welded out and discharged from their services on some pretext or the other in the very near future.

Mrs. KULSUM SAYANI

BOMBAY, Sunday.

Mrs. Kulsum Sayani, General Secretary of the All-India Women's Conference, who had gone as the representative of that body to the All-Ceylon Women's Conference, returned here today by the Madras Express.

On her way back, Mrs. Sayani spent four days in Madras in connection with the work of the Madras Branch of the All-India Women's Conference.

SOVIET'S "OPEN DOOR" POLICY

LONDON, March 24 (A.P.A.): Moscow Radio heard here today said the development of economic relations with the Soviet Union is open to all foreign countries, and Russia intends to continue to develop economic ties with other lands.

"However", the broadcast added "such relations have a future only if foreign countries take into consideration the tried and tested line of the Soviet Government aimed at ensuring the technical and economic independence of the Soviet Union, and if they discard all hopes of making economic relations with the Soviet Union a weapon in a political game."

Germany To Retain Ruhr Industrial Area

BERLIN, March 24 (A.P.A.): Germany would retain the Ruhr industrial area under an Allied agreement on the post-war production level of German industry which envisages "substantial" exports and imports, American Military Government Chief, Lt. Gen. Lucius Clay disclosed yesterday. "The plan is predicted on the operation of Germany as an economic unit", the General said at a news conference adding that the only holdup in promulgating the scheme is "wording" of the detailed plan.

CONGRESS OPPONENTS FORFEIT DEPOSITS

CALCUTTA, March 23 (A.P.I.): Results of election in two more Calcutta constituencies were declared today, the Congress capturing the seats in each case.

The following are the results.

CALCUTTA (West General): One seat: Isawar Das Jalam (Congress) 5,157. P. N. Tagore (Independnt) 57 votes. The defeated candidate forfeits his deposit.

Calcutta (Central General) one seat: B. L. Murarka (Congress) 13,563 votes. P. P. Chatterjee (Hindu Mahasabha) 217.. S. Benani (Independent) 109. D. Sharma (Independent) 81. C. Burmam (Independent) 28. All the defeated candidates forefeit their deposits.

Nawab Of Dacca's Camp Raided And Captured

DACCA, March 23 (A.P.I.)—Report has been received here of a serious trouble in connection with the polling at the Dacca North Central Mohammedan Constituency where the Nawab Bahadur of Dacca (Muslim Parliamentary Board) and Mr. Muzaharul Huq (Muslim League) are the rival candidates.

According to Nawabzada Hasan Askari, son of the Nawab Bahadur, about one thousand Muslim League supporters today raided and captured his father's camp at Ultarkhan polling booth under Tejgaom and assaulted his father's supporters and forced them to leave the place. Two of the Nawab Bahadur's supporters were seriously injured.

The raiders are also alleged to have destroyed all posters in the camp. The Nawabzada left the place and informed the police. The Nawabzada further stated that the Muslim League supporters also raided his father's camp at Demra.

VARADACHARI ELECTED

MADRAS, March 24 (U.P.I.)—Mr. N. S. Varadachari (Congress) ex-Parliamentary Secretary, has been declared elected to the Madras Assembly from the Madras City North General Constituency defeating Mr. M. V. Ganapathi (Hindu Mahasabha).

Mr. Varadachari secured 7,075 votes and Mr. Ganapathi 510 votes.

The Mahasabha candidate forfeited his deposit.

LEAGUER ELECTED

TANJORE, March 24 (U.P.I.)—Mr. M. A. Mahomed Ibrahim Sahib (Muslim League) was declared elected to the Madras Assembly from the Tanjore Muslim Rural Constituency, defeating Hakim Abdul Azim Sahib (Majlis) by 23,629 votes against 422. The Majlis candidate forfeited his deposit.

Of these 12 are Congress candidates, four Muslim League and one European.

ASSAULT ON STUDENT & CONGRESS SYMPATHISERS

CANNANORE, March 24 (U.P.I.) —It is reported that Mr. P. Vasudevan, Secretary, Chirakal Taluk Students' Congress, was waylaid and assaulted by a group of persons stated to be Communists at Udavamakannu.

It is also reported that two Harijan Congress sympathisers, Mr. P. Pokkar and Mr. Aramban Kannan, were assaulted at Trichur and they sustained injuries. The assailants alleged were armed with lathis and other weapons.

D. F. KARAKA:

Off My Chest

M. Stalin has spoken again.

He has told an American correspondent that he attaches great importance to the United Nations Organization.

He has also rubbed in his point that the U.N.O.'s strength consists of the fact that it is based on the principle of equality among States and not on domination of some over others.

Meanwhile, in Iran is being fought the battle for oil. Neither America nor Britain is concerned about the prestige of the U.N.O. or the sovereign rights of Iran, so much as they are worried over losing the great oil wells which will pass to the Russians.

The position in Iran is similar to that in Egypt. The British have been there—with their troops—for a long while. They have vested interests in the country in the shape of pipe lines and oil wells and they have employed local labour for many years and dealt with it in the usual British highhanded way.

Today in Iran there has come into being the Too-deh party. It speaks for labour and the working classes. It is gradually gaining in power. Hitherto, as also in Egypt, the British not content to dig for oil used their traditional genius to see that the right sort of Iranians were in the Cabinet and the high offices of State. The politics of Teheran were always influenced by the presence of British troops as guardians of Iranian interests.

The position has changed somewhat with the coming of Russia. It is only reasonable that with the third of its population, chiefly in the North, speaking Russian, the Iranis should have more in common with Moscow than London. Teheran knows that Russia wants its oil, but the Persian worker believes he will get better food, better pay and even clothes, from the Russians which his old master never thought of giving.

Ghavan Sultaneh is playing the perfect game. His reception in Moscow at the hands of the great Stalin was far too cordial for British and American liking. It is true that the presence of Russian troops is a definite violation of a pledge, but the position of Britain and America will be a little odd at the U.N.O. Conference if Russia is able to say at the Conference that Russians are in Iran at the invitation and consent of the Iranians. That is the way things are shaping and the passing of Iran into the Russian sphere of influence will soon be a 'fait accompli.'

Stalin will once again reaffirm his faith in the U.N.O. because it will be very difficult to maintain at the United Nations Organization Conference that Russia's presence in Iran is a violation of that country's sovereign right. The U.N.O. can hardly be called upon to bring its great machinery into operation to preserve the vested interest of the Anglo-Iranian Oil Company which is all that Britain and America are really concerned about.

World War II ended on V-J Day but the battle for the rights of the common man is being fought now. There is not enough space in the world for both Communism and the American conception of Democracy. Sooner or later it will have to be decided which of the two must give way to the other.

And that means war. Make no mistake about it.

DEFICIT BUDGET FOR ORISSA

CUTTACK, March 23, (API): The Associated Press of India understands that the Orissa Budget for 1946-47 shows a revenue deficit of about 35 lakhs of rupees.

RAW COTTON SITUATION

BOMBAY March 22.

The Patel Cotton Co., Ltd., has issued the following cotton market report:—

For the past two weeks, price fluctuations in New York have been two-sided. After the prices crossed the twentyseven cent level, artificial pressure was brought to bear upon the market. The Office of Price Administration asked Cotton Exchange officials to raise margin requirements for cotton trading to 30 dollars per bale on the basis of prevailing prices as a means of curtailing speculation. This step was stated to have been necessitated by the continual increase in the price of cotton during the last four months, which is curtailing the output of clothing. This order establishes a minimum uniform margin of 10 dollars a bale and increase of 10 dollars for each cent, by which the price exceeds 25 cents a pound. The Economic Stabilizer, Mr. Chester Powles said the action is the only alternative to imposing ceiling prices on raw cotton.

VOTE AGAINST MARGIN

The Board of Managers of the New York Cotton Exchange at a special meeting, however, voted not to grant increase in the present scale of margin requirements and have advised the Economic Stabilizer accordingly. The Board of Managers of the New Orleans Cotton Exchange too have refused the request for higher margins. The belief is also wide-spread that the Farm Bloc would contest the action vigorously and that the official obstinacy over this point would only widen the rift between Congress and the O. P. A.

Sir Stafford Cripps, President of the Board of Trade before he flew to India has thrown a bomb-shell on the cotton trade in Liverpool by making an announcement that Government had reached the conclusion that centralised purchase is the best method by which the United Kingdom can secure its requirements. According to him, centralized purchase, which had operated so successfully during the war would in future, enable supplies required by the United Kingdom to be obtained at least as economically as by private importation and with greater certainty and regularity and for that purpose he stated that Government had decided to continue central purchases by the Cotton Control in preparation for the establishment of a permanent purchasing commission working in close contact with the spinning industry.

CONTROL MACHINERY

Whatever may be the claim advanced by Government regarding efficiency of the Control machinery to handle importation and distribution of cotton. Government interference in private enterprise, which was tolerated as a war time expedient, can only lead to serious repercussions on the cotton trade in general and on the manufacturer in particular. If this decision had been reached as a temporary measure to tide over the period of immediate post-war economic unsettlement or in consideration of wider issues that have evolved out of the Anglo-American financial agreement one could not quarrel with it. If, on the other hand, the decision seeks to perpetuate "Centralised Purchase," it will be greatly lamented by all sections of the trade throughout the world unless the executive measures still to be devised can provide the trade with the high standard of service which private enterprise produced in the past. Meanwhile, the cotton trade cannot help but regret that the future of the great international cotton market of Liverpool remains most seriously in jeopardy. Amongst its many valued services have been those of arbitration and it is especially hoped that these will be maintained for the future benefit of the cotton world.

When prices reached Rs. 475 for May I.C.C. trade and speculation alike were reluctant to follow the advance further. A feeling of hesitancy is gaining ground as the advance in Jarilla contract has raised some more new crop varieties to the ceilings, while some others have risen to very near the ceilings.

RAISE FLOOR

The Cotton Committee of the Textile Control Board who were asked to suggest a method by which the ceilings could be effectively enforced with the least embarrassment to the long-term policy of the Indian Cotton Committee and without causing unnecessary detriment to the interests of the farmers, is reported to have recommended that exports of cotton over 11/16" staple should be banned and that in order to offset the probable adverse effect on prices, the floor of 3/4" Jarilla should be raised from Rs. 350 to Rs. 450. Further they have recommended a ban on import of any foreign cotton below 1" staple.

It must be admitted that the Indian cotton position to-day, is extremely complicated due to the food scarcity. When it comes to a choice between food and cotton anybody's first cry will be "Food" At the same time, the question arises whether India can afford to lose her natural market for her cotton in favour of competitors and having so lost, will she ever be in a position to regain her lost ground with foreign spinners. These questions have to be faced squarely but it must be confessed that there is no ready solution under present world cotton positions and parities. In the meantime, India must launch a vigorous campaign for planned and intensive cultivation of food grains as well as cotton.

Islamic Research Association

The Honorary Secretary of the Islamic Research Association in submitting his report for the year ended the 31st December 1945, says:

The following members were elected during the year.

Hon. Fellows: (1) Mr. A.E. Maskati (Bombay) and (2) Nawab Ali Yavar Jung Bahadur (Hyderabad-Deccan)

Life Members: (1) Dr. K. A. Hamied (Bombay) and (2) Mr. Ashraf Mohamedi (Bombay).

It is regretted that two Ordinary Fellows Prof. R. A. Nicholson (Cambridge) and Prof. Don Miguel Asin Palacios (Madrid) died during the year. Both were great scholars of Islam and its culture, and the world of scholarship has sustained a great loss by their death. We also regret to announce the death of Professor P. Kraus (Cairo University), and Associate Member, and Alijah Mukhi Hasanbhai Lalji, a Life Member.

PUBLICATIONS

On account of the war no works could be published by the Association. The Association has, however, accepted for publication the following two works which, it is hoped, will be published soon:

(1) Nuzhatu'l-Arwah of Shahrazuri. Arabic text, edited by Dr. Pir Md. Hasan (Punjab) (2) Kitabu'l-Kashf of Ja'far B. Mansuri'l-Yaman. Arabic text, edited by R. Strothmann (Hamburg).

SALE MEMO

Importers and producers have now been instructed to indicate in their sale invoices, in addition to the usual details and their own selling prices, wholesale and retail selling prices chargeable under the Hoarding and Profiteering Prevention Ordinance.

Similarly, the wholesaler is required now to indicate on the sale invoices, in addition to his own selling prices, the retail selling prices.

This has been done in order to prevent an unnecessary inflation of the ultimate price to the consumer.

CHPPO CONTROL

Issued by the Department of Industries & Supply, New Delhi.

British Troop Movements Towards Palestine?

Haifa To Be More Important For Royal Navy Than Malta Or Alexandria, Says "Red Fleet"

MOSCOW, March 23 (Reuter).—Britain is converting Palestine into a first class naval and military base, according to an article today in the newspaper "Red Fleet," the organ of the Soviet Naval Department.

"Judging by a number of indications Palestine is gradually being transformed into one of the most important bases for British armed forces in East Mediterranean," said the article.

Expressing the view that Britain is developing strategical positions in Palestine having little in common with "Humanitarian considerations" expressed by British diplomats, the article quotes Foreign Press reports that troops are being transferred from Egypt, Syria and the Lebanon to Palestine, where large military installations are being built.

The writer of the article mentioned a Swiss newspaper report that Haifa is to be more important for the Royal Navy than Malta or Alexandria.

The article also referred to reports that the terminal of the oil pipeline from Saudi Arabia is to be in Palestine and that a railway from Haifa to Baghdad has been planned.

ONLY SOLUTION OF PALESTINE PROBLEM

JERUSALEM, March 23 (Reuter).—The number of Christian Jews living openly or concealed in Palestine was much larger than was commonly recognised, declared the Anglican bishop

(Continued in Col. 3)

TWO GENERATIONS OF Beauty

Twenty years between them! Yet the mother's beauty is as fresh as her fawn-eyed daughter's... her skin as clear and petal-smooth. Since she was a girl, mother (guided by *her* mother) has given her skin the same regular beauty-care her daughter practices today—Pears Soap and clear water. Twenty years hence, thanks to this perfect care, the lovely daughter's skin will be as unspoiled as her mother's is today.

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MEETING INDIA'S FOOD DEFICIT

Mudaliar To Report To Govt. On His Return From London

LONDON, March 24 (U.P.I.)—"India's food position has been clearly and emphatically explained to the Combined Food Board at Washington and also to the United States Government by the Indian Food Delegation and I hope that they would consider our case sympathetically," observed Sir Ramaswami Mudaliar, Leader, Indian Food Delegation, in an exclusive interview to the "United Press of India" this morning.

Sir Ramaswami Mudaliar discussed with the United Press of India Representative, President Truman's parting message to him and the efforts of the Indian Delegation in America and referred to the reports that appeared in the Press that the Combined Food Board allocated 60 per cent of India's minimum food requirements. "No final decision has been made by the Combined Board on the matter yet, but it is expected shortly. Sir Ramaswami said.

Asked if in the light of his experience during his food talks with the American Government and the Food Board he had any suggestion to make as to how in the event of the Combined Food Board finally deciding in favour of sixty per cent allocation to India, the remaining forty per cent of food requirements could be met, Sir Ramaswami said that he would make a report to the Government of India on his arrival there and whatever constructive suggestion was to be given or decision made it would be done from New Delhi after the Viceroy's Council had considered the whole matter.

Sir Ramaswami Mudaliar is expected to stay in London for about a week during which he would meet Sir Ben Smith, the British Minister of Food, who returned from Washington yesterday and other food officials. He will also attend a meeting of the London Food Council early next week and call at 0 Downing Street prior to his departure to acquaint the Prime Minister with the results of the joint efforts of the Indian and British Food Delegations at Washington on the important question of food supplies.

The Mysore Dewan, Sir Madhav Rao and Mr. Gorwalla, Bombay's Civil Supplies Secretary, two members of the Delegation, who arrived here two days ago are also expected to leave for India early next week. Other members, still in Washington, are likely to arrive later, while Sir Nazimuddin arrives here on April 5 next.

LONDON INDIANS FETE SYED HOSSAIN

LONDON, March 23 (Reuter).—Representatives of all leading Indian Political Organisations in London gathered tonight at a farewell dinner to Dr. Syed Hossain, President of the National Committee for India's Freedom in Washington District of Columbia and an India spokesman in the United States. Dr. Hossain received the guests, among whom Dr. S. Mahamedi, Dr. P. C. Bhandari, Mr. V. K. Krishna Menon, Secretary of the India League, Professor N. Gangulee, Indian Author and Economist, Dr. K. D. Kumrai, Secretary of the Swaraj House, Dr. and Mrs. K. C. Bhatacharya, Mr. Surat Alley, Leader of Indian Seamen in Great Britain, Dr. K. S. Shelvankar, Amir Shah President of the Indian Nationalists Muslim Committee of London, Mr. Sunder Kabadi, Mr. B. B. Ray Chaudhuri of the Tagore Society and Mr. R. Zakaria, President of the London Majlis.

Dr. Hossain said that he was delighted to see this most representative gathering of Indians. Every Indian abroad must realise his duty as the unofficial ambassador of his country. He pointed out the responsibility of Indians in Britain and the United States especially at this crucial moment of India's history.

(Continued from Col. 2)

of Jerusalem the Right Reverend Weston H. Stewart, while giving evidence today before the Anglo-United States Palestine Commission. The only ultimate solution for the Palestine problem, he said, lay in making all people concerned Christians or better Christians.

Christian Jews in Palestine, Right Reverend Stewart added, were unable to secure any help from the Jewish Agency and for the purpose of immigration the Palestine Government had been compelled to rule that a Christian Jew was not a Jew.

SATARA MUSLIM SEAT

Bright Chances For Congress Candidate

(From Our Special Correspondent)

Among the places which came into prominence for the part they played in the freedom struggle of 1942 Satara stands first in the whole of Mahrashtra. The great awakening among the people and the complete hold of Congress over this once backward district is something of which the district can feel rightly proud. A feature of the new life in the district is the communal unity one witnesses there and which is unfortunately not common to many other parts of the country. It is this feature that has encouraged the Congress workers to put up for the Muslim seat of the district for the election to the Provincial Assembly. Mr. I. N. Hakim, an old Congressman with 25 years' service and more than half a dozen jail terms to his credit, is the candidate selected by the Congress to give a fight to the rival Muslim League candidate. For over two months now, Congress workers of the district have been engaged in ceaseless propaganda in favour of Mr. Hakim. As soon as the polling for the general seats was over the entire Congress machinery was pressed into service for fighting the Muslim seat and from the great enthusiasm among the people and the support that is being assured to Mr. Hakim it can be said that his chances of winning the seat are quite bright.

Besides the local Congressmen of the district Nationalist Muslims from the province are also lending their support to this cause. Last week Mr. Hakim went round the entire constituency and carried to the Muslim voters the message of Congress. For a part of this tour he was accompanied by Mr. M. Harris, editor of "Ajmal" daily of Bombay. In a three day tour of the district the party covered over three hundred miles and visited towns like Satara, Karad, Islampur, Rehmatpur and a dozen villages. In all these places largely attended meetings were held and the significance of the present election was explained to hundreds of Muslim voters who eagerly listened to the speeches.

The Congress candidate is now being supported openly by Diwan Bahadur Yusuf Sahukar, who was elected to the Bombay Assembly in a bye-election on the Muslim League ticket, and his son Mr. Shamsuddin.

Harriman To Be Ambassador To Britain

WASHINGTON, March 24, (APA): President Truman announced last night that Averell W. Harriman, Ambassador to Russia, will succeed John B. Winant as Ambassador to Great Britain.

Ross said, King George had already advised the United States that Harriman would be acceptable. The appointment requires confirmation of the United States Senate.

INDIAN COINAGE AMENDING BILL MUST BE THROWN OUT

It Is Manifestly Against Immediate Interests Of Poor, Says Gandhiji

AHMEDABAD, March 24 (A.P.I.): "Scientific and yet manifestly against the immediate interests of the poor." This is how Mahatma Gandhi characterises the experiment of introduction of Decimal Coinage in India. He hopes that the Central Legislative Assembly will throw away the bill to amend the Indian Coinage Act when it comes up for discussions.

Writing in his week's "Harijan" under the caption "Decimal Coinage and its cost" Mahatma Gandi says "after due sanction required by Section 153 of the Government of India Act 1935 a bill further to amend the Indian Coinage Act 1906 is said to have been introduced in the Legislative Assembly on the 18th February 1946. If it becomes Law the rupee will be equivalent to hundred cents instead of 64 pice. The consequential changes will naturally follow. The object is stated to be:

"UNPOPULAR"

"The existing series of small coins below four annas which were introduced as war-time expedient have proved unsatisfactory and unpopular and large recoinage programme which their reversion to pre-war standards entails offers a unique opportunity for introducing a decimal system of subsidiary coinage in place of the present coinage system whereunder the rupee is divided into sixteen annas and each anna into twelve pies. Modern trade and commerce demand speed and simplicity in the methods of computation, to achieve which there is nothing to compete with the decimal system which has gradually displaced all together systems in most of the advanced countries of the world.

And a note says: "with the division of the rupee into hundred cents the existing coins will not correspond to an exact number of cents in all cases. During the transition period when both the anna and the cent coins will circulate side by side and prices might be quoted in terms of each, it is necessary to provide for conversion involving fractions of cents.

As it is not proposed to issue cent coins of a smaller denomination than a half cent the bill provides for conversions involving smaller fraction to be made in rupees of any one transaction at the nearest half cent and where the amount involved is a quarter cent to the nearest half cent below."

"POOR WILL BE SACRIFICED"

Shri Kishorilal Mashruwala has studied the question carefully and has come to the conclusion that whilst in theory the introduction of the decimal coinage may be defensible, in practice for some years to come, the poor will be sacrificed as usual in the interests of the modern trade, i.e., the rich merchants. It is unnecessary here to summarise his convincing argument in support. It is given in full in the columns of the "Harijanbandhu". It is sufficient here to state that even in the country of the rulers the decimal coinage has not been introduced. Public opinion there commands respect and affects the decisions of the House of Commons. In India, public opinion, such as it is, has very little force and moreover the opinion of the millions who will be the sufferers is inarticulate. Shri Mashruwala very aptly points out that the poor will be taxed without the odium of additional taxation. Wisdom would have suggested that if the power is to be transferred inside of a few months to the representatives of people, it would be improper for the Government to embark upon a new experiment even though claimed to be scientific and yet manifestly against the immediate interests of the poor. In a poor country like India often the immediate is as in this case the decisive factor. It is to be hoped that the Central Legislative Assembly will throw out the bill if on reconsideration the Government do not withdraw it.

"Primary Teachers' Strike Inopportune & Thoughtless"

Why Put Question Of Remuneration Before Education Of Children, Asks Morarji Desai

BROACH, March 23 (A.P.I.)—The view that the primary teachers' action in observing a province wide strike was an inopportune and thoughtless step was expressed by Mr. Morarji Desai, former Revenue Minister of Bombay, presiding over the Gujarat Primary Education Conference which commenced here this morning.

Mr. Desai pointed out that the teachers instead of devoting their thought to the spreading of education and building up the society at a time when the country is passing through a revolution have put the question of their remuneration before the education of the children and thus have brought about a momentary stoppage in the educational courses.

Mr. Desai did not question their right to go on strike. The weapon given by Gandhiji could be used by anvobody in the cause of justice and right. But at the present moment the strike undertaken by teachers was inopportune and their leaders seem to have made a mistake in advising them to take recourse to precipitate action.

NOT A NEW PROBLEM

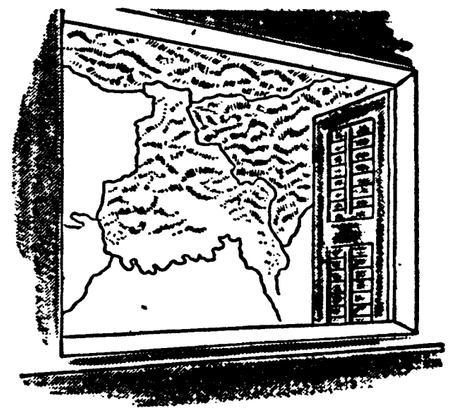
The question of their pay, Mr. Desai continued, was not a new problem but years old. The present Government which was due to go within a few weeks could not effect any immediate change in the scale of pay. The Congress Government that was likely to take up the reigns of Government soon could not promise immediate consideration of minor problems like the teachers' pay while there were many important questions crying for attention. The teachers have not considered these aspects of their demands and seem to have for the present forgotten their duty. The organisation of the teachers of the province in a well-knit union was welcome to Mr. Desai but he discouraged the idea that the association was meant only to seek ways and means to better the teachers purses. He felt that the association's primary duty was to discuss and better the system of education.

Mr. Desai said that a popular Government in free India would put into effect a five or ten years plan for better education in the country.

NOT A TEACHERS' CONFERENCE

While Mr. Desai was addressing the Conference, some teachers who were opposed to Mr. Desai being the President of the Conference raised slogans but the atmosphere soon returned to normal when Mr Desai said that the Conference was an Education Conference and not a teachers' conference.

It is learnt that during the afternoon's session of the Subjects Committee of the Conference Mr. Desai ruled out a resolution by Mr. Syed Nurie, President of the Broach Teachers' Association expressing sympathy with the Teachers now on strike.



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Over exertion—mental or physical, the stress and strain of modern life, fear, anger and worry, continued for a sufficient length of time—these are the commonest *causes* of high blood pressure.

You can easily *prevent* the conditions causing blood pressure. Live a moderate life rather than a strenuous one. Don't get caught in the whirlwind of modern living which keeps you going faster and faster at a dizzy pace. Learn the virtues of vacations, hobbies, outdoor exercises, and hours of quiet, if you wish to keep your blood pressure normal.

High blood pressure can be successfully treated if discovered early enough. Only through periodic examination of your health can blood pressure be spotted while the changes are still reversible. In any event, don't start treating yourself; consult your doctor without delay.

VISIT *your* DOCTOR *regularly*

Whether you think you need it or not, visit your doctor regularly for medical check-ups. Give him the opportunity to discover, in time, conditions and diseases which might lead to later disability. This is the way to keep yourself healthy and happy.

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TOWARDS BETTER WORLD ORDER

Let Us Rededicate Ourselves To Noble Cause Of Peace, Exhorts Truman

WASHINGTON, March 23, (Reuter): President Harry Truman speaking at a Democratic party dinner here tonight said: "The future welfare of our country is at stake in the coming peace settlements. The happiness and lives of your children and mine are at stake For their sake, for America, for all humanity let us rededicate ourselves to the noble cause of peace.

"We Americans must continue to live courageously.

Modern economic, political, and social frontiers which still confront all of us offer an even greater challenge to our moral stamina and intellectual integrity.

A tremendous price has been paid for the peace and security we Americans enjoy tonight. The payment began long ago by our brave Allies who first bore the brunt of an allout aggression. At the time, our isolationists were still debating and almost defeating most efforts of Democratic leaders to improve our national defences.

America must lead the way to a better world order. We seek increasingly close friendship with all nations and we shall strengthen the foundations of the United Nations. Despite opposition and all difficulties we will attain our goal a prosperous, peaceful world."

INDIAN CHRISTIANS IN POPULAR GOVT.

They Have Nothing To Fear, Assures Mayor

BOMBAY, Sunday.

"The Indian Christian community has nothing to fear but everything to gain by making common cause with the Popular Govt. which is sure to come into power", observed Dr. Joseph Alban De Souza, Mayor of Bombay, in thanking to the address presented to him by the members of the Catholic Gymkhana, the Associacao Goana de Mutuo Auxilio and the Instituto Luso-Indiano, at the I.L.I. Institute, on Sunday morning. Mr. A. B. Collaco presided.

Dr. De Souza said: "You can take it from me that all our civic, political and religious interests will be as safe as safety itself, provided we carry on with our affairs in a normal manner."

He referred to the question of Independence for India and remarked that the time had surely come when, Indians being both mentally and physically perfectly capable to hold their own, India must be for the Indian and "thank God it is going to be."

"The gospel of the great Mahatmaji", said the Mayor, "has taken long to sink into the masses of India. The masses of the villages are now as live to their rights, privileges and amenities as the urban citizens. All demand Independence and Independence must come!"

Speaking about the strikes in the city the Mayor declared that he was trying for a satisfactory settlement between the Government and the workers of the Government Central Press at Charni Road, and also between the employees of the National Bank of India and the management.

Several speakers paid tributes to the services rendered by the Mayor. They referred to his activities, specially to the part he played in Sir Pherozeshah Mehta Centenary, the Greater Bombay problem and the Bhivpuri Scheme.

Amidst the cheerful acclamations of "Jai Hind", the pleasant gathering dispersed.

NEW YORK COTTON

NEW YORK, March 23.

May	27.02
July	27.07
October	27.02
December	27.05
January	27.03
March	27.06
May	27.05 bid
Middling Spot	27.64

NEW ORLEANS COTTON

NEW YORK, March 23.

May	26.86 bid
July	27.03
October	27.06
December	27.08
March	27.13
Middling Spot	26.75

RAJKUMARI AMRIT KAUR'S CALL TO STUDENTS OF LADY IRWIN COLLEGE

NEW DELHI, March 22.—Rajkumari Amrit Kaur delivered the Convocation address today at the Lady Irwin College. She said:

It is a great pleasure to me to be with you again on the occasion of your Convocation. During the years of enforced absence from your midst I have not, for one moment, forgotten this institution with which I have been so closely connected from its inception.

NEED FOR TRAINED TEACHERS

You are aware that up till now we have had a diploma course as well as a teachers' training course. A great many students take the former and we have been glad of the opportunity of giving them an education which we feel will help them to become good housewives, good mothers and therefore good citizens. But, I am of opinion that we must abolish the diploma course forthwith and devote all our energies towards the important task of training teachers.

Expanding schemes of education will tend to establish domestic science institutions in every province and rightly so An immense staff of teachers for these and city schools will be needed.

It has been the privilege of the Lady Irwin College to bring the need for the study of domestic science to the forefront. It must be its further privilege to provide as many teachers as possible now that the need has been created.

MAKE FREEDOM WORTHWHILE

Political freedom is going to be ours very shortly. While every Indian heart will rejoice at the freedom from foreign bondage which has been a heavy yoke to bear for over well-nigh two centuries, every thinking person will also realise that increased rights demand increased duties. Indeed, we shall not be able to make that freedom worthwhile unless each one of us is willing to shoulder the burden that falls on his or her in whatsoever sphere of life fate places us. And that burden has got to be shouldered with one object and one object only in mind the general good.

We live in an era of sorrow and tribulation The aftermath of the last world war, even though its actual ravages have not touched us as they have vast areas of Europe and other parts of the East, must affect and have affected us both morally and materially. We are faced with food and cloth shortage. Above all we are faced with internecine quarrels and a spirit of violence which augur ill for the future.

While lovers of peace rightly think in terms of a World State and the breaking down of racial barriers there are some among us who would even divide India in twain. Thoughtless strikes and fasts, arson, looting, murder, seem to have become an every day occurrence in our land. There seem to be efements abroad that want almost to encourage such methods.

WOMEN CUSTODIANS OF PEACE

Inasmuch as women are the custodians of peace by instinct, inasmuch as life springs from within us, I feel that much is required from us today. It is not only the honour of our country that is at stake, it is the honour of man as a human being. Is he going to be true to the divine in him or is he going the way of the brute?

We have had the most glorious traditions handed down to us. Our land has been the home of many cultures. We have not thought in terms of colour or creed. We have been content to live and let live. Are we going to be true to those traditions or are we going to be false to the best in us and fail not only our country but also the world in their hour of need? None of us can dare to shelve this question today.

STUDENTS & POLITICS

Students all over India are no less keen than anyone else for the freedom of India. The natural exuberance of youth has on many occasions led them to overstep the mark and join the ranks of the indisciplined. I am among those who believe that students should not take an active part in party politics while they are studying. There is no half-way house. If a student wants to enter politics he should be willing to give up his studies. But so long as he is a student his primary concern must obviously be his study. I know this is a hard maxim in a country which is struggling for a just cause and I make every excuse for the depth of fiery feeling in the heart of youth. But we may never sacrifice either discipline or duty to any urge from whatever pure motives the same may spring.

There are, on the other hand, many opportunities of serving the cause of freedom as students outside the domain of party politics. Cities and villages, full of ignorant and illiterate masses, cry out for help. May students not devote all their spare time to fulfilling in some small measure that need?

TEACH MASSES HOW TO LIVE

Political freedom to the masses will mean nothing does mean nothing unless it brings with it removal of poverty, better living and health conditions and a better understanding of how to live. This latter is what we have to teach them, we who have had the advantage of education.

Ours is an institution that has been founded in a capital city. Our buildings have had to conform to standard, we have all the conveniences of city life and are surrounded by green lawns and flowers. But ours is a land of villages where hovels and dirt and ugliness pervade and where ignorance and superstition reign supreme. It is to lend a helping hand to these poor sisters of ours that the founders of this college dreamt.

I believe it would have been better if we had laid the foundations of this college in some village. But one cannot wholly recall the past. And inasmuch as the need for domestic science is immense in our city schools and homes your help is necessary in this domain.

TORCH BEARERS OF LEARNING

Nevertheless, because the resuscitation of village life is our main objective it is my fervent hope that you students will be fired with missionary zeal to carry the torch of learning to your village sisters and set up training centres in them where village women and girls will come to you for help and guidance in all the arts that domestic science covers.

Basic education has been recognised as the best type of education for our country. The bringing into being of a handicrafts department in this college, a scheme which I propounded almost at the inception of our career, has now become, in my opinion, a necessity.

Spinning is a handicraft that has existed from time immemorial in our land. The artistry of our fine muslins was famous in days gone by. The wheel has received a great deal of attention of recent years and the lost art has been resuscitated. It is one which we should take advantage of together with its twin sister weaving. Let us thereby mend the broken warp and woof of the web of our village life. Let us bring joy into the lives of children by toy making and let us revive all the glorious colour and ancient designs of embroidery by fine needlework.

TREAT HARIJANS AS HUMAN BEINGS

Another dream of mine would be a practising school on the premises for our teachers in which the presence of some Harijan girls would be a 'sine quo non.' I am convinced that the blot of untouchability will not be removed from our society unless we willingly live with these human beings and learn to treat them as such. Education can break down barriers as nothing else can.

We live in hard times with the grim spectre of famine staring us in the face. To teach everyone, rich and poor, how to conserve foodstuffs, how to make a little go a long way, to improvise simple menus with the proper caloric values, to grow as much as possible in your own gardens is all part and parcel of the science which you are here to learn and propagate. I hope your efforts will be directed with all the energy and knowledge at your command so that we may face trials with intelligence and resource.

FOR WOULD BE TEACHERS ONLY

I for one will not mourn for a single moment if, owing to the raised standards required for entrance into the L.I.C. from the next college year and the fact that only those willing to become teachers will be admitted, the number of students falls. It is not so much a large quantity but a first rate quality of teachers that is needed. And I plead with every one of you students to take a vow on leaving the portals of your 'alma mater' to dedicate at least three years of your life to service, whether in town or village, before you enter into married life. It is very little to demand of you for the sake of the cause of the uplift of women in India. We cannot rise to our full height as a nation if our women remain as they are. From him that hath shall much be expected. Your motto is 'Seva Hi Vidya.' It was chosen with thought and meaning. If the L.I.C. has not inspired you to serve there has been something wrong in us. But I hope you students will rise above our failings and answer the call that must come to all who love their country.

NOBLE ART OF TEACHING

I hold teaching to be a noble art but only noble in so far as it is a calling and not merely a profession. The way children respond to the teacher who loves her work is obvious to those who have watched classes being held.

To mould the character of children, to instil into the minds of girls the dignity of woman is a rare privilege and a responsibility. It falls on women whether as mothers or teachers. Unless we are ourselves conscious of it how will we be able to fulfil that task. Once the meaning of that dignity is understood there will be no acquiescence, for example, in the dowry system, no countenancing of bigamy for the sake of wealth and status, no toleration of untouchability. Such basic reforms should mean far more to women than the scramble for power or the demanding of equal rights. If we have moral power we shall banish fear from our hearts and minds and no man will dare to withhold from us that which will be ours by right of character and service.

BE TRUE TO WOMANKIND

In conclusion I want to draw your attention to the violence that has brought the world to such a sorry pass. Are we as women going to be true to our high calling? We want a world of peace. Can we have peace so long as war is considered to be the final arbiter of man's fate? I venture to suggest that there is only one answer to that fateful question. Love is the pivot round which a woman's life revolves. I ask you to be true to that which is instinct in you. It is ours to conserve life. Nature has bestowed that gift on us. Let us be true to womankind and all that it should stand for.

I congratulate those of you who have got your diplomas. I wish you well and I hope with all my heart that you will be true to the motto of your college and be enabled to serve our land with heart and mind. God bless you.

British Warn Indonesians

BATAVIA, March 23, (UPA): Maj. Gen. Sir Montague Stopford, British Commander-in-Chief in the Netherlands Indies, today ordered the Divisional Commander in the Bandoeng area to take all steps to clear Indonesian terrorists south of the city.

A statement issued by Allied Headquarters in Batavia said increasing Indonesian activity in the Sukabumi and Bandoeng areas is costing many lives of British troops and occupants of civil internment camps as result of Indonesian mortar fire.

The population of Bandoeng will be given due warning before the British intervene.

"PAKISTAN OR DEATH"

League Secretary's "New Slogan" For Muslims

NEW DELHI, March 23, (API): "Even if human blood is required for the construction of the edifice of Pakistan the Muslims would provide it. I say this because I am myself prepared for it. When our determination is so strong no power on earth can stop us from attaining our objective," said Nawabzada Liaqat Ali Khan, General Secretary of the All India Muslim League, presiding over a mammoth meeting of Muslims in Urdu Park in observance of Pakistan day.

The Nawabzada said that the Muslim League victory in Central and Provincial Assembly elections was a clear verdict of the nation in favour of Pakistan. He said that if a Hindu regime was forced upon India against the wishes of the Muslims, there were lakhs of them who would lay down their lives to resist it.

He appealed to the Muslims to remain united in their determination and said that they should have "Pakistan or death" as their new slogan.

TRANSVAAL STRIKE SETTLED

JOHANNESBURG, Mar. 23, (Reuter): The strike of 16,000 gold miners in Witwatersrand in the Transvaal has been settled. The miners have been requested to resume work today. An appeal to miners to accept the Government's proposals and return to work as soon as possible had been made on behalf of the South African Trades Labour Council by Mr. W. J. Devries, the General Secretary.

GREEK GOVT. THREATENS MARTIAL LAW

ATHENS, March 23 (U.P.A.): The Greek Government today threatened martial law against what was officially described as the first EAM strike to prevent the General Elections on March 31.

The Ministry of Security in a communique today said that if necessary, martial law will be proclaimed in Crete where the strike is under way.

DALDA PRICES

The Makers of Dalda announce that owing to a steep rise in the costs of vegetable oils, the prices of Dalda have had to be increased. The Vegetable Oil Products Controller for India has notified the following maximum prices at which Dalda will be available to the public as from 9th March 1946.

1 lb.	. .	Rs. 0-14-3 per tin
2 lbs.	. .	,, 1-12-0 ,, ,,
5 lbs.	. .	,, 4-3-6 ,, ,,
10 lbs.	. .	,, 7-15-0 ,, ,,

Note: These prices are inclusive of freight, but exclusive of octrol, terminal tax, sales tax and other similar taxes where levied.

ISSUED BY THE MAKERS OF DALDA

HVM. 52-168

WANTED IMMEDIATELY

(1) EXPERT SALESMAN for Rubber and Rubber goods & Plywood.

(2) GODOWN KEEPER, knowing Gujarati Accounts and English Correspondence.

(3) TRAVELLING SALESMAN for Rubber goods and Plywood.

Only Experienced Hands Need Apply:

Box No. 9999 "Bombay Chronicle".

THE NATIONAL ASTROLOGICAL BUREAU

has been formed under the guidance of most capable practitioners of the science with following main objects:—

1. To prove that Astrology is an exact science and that a correctly calculated chart will be a guide to progress and success.
2. To enable the public to obtain reliable Astrological calculations.
3. To devise remedial measures in the light of Astrology to neutralize the malefic effects appearing in the shape of Disappointments or Failures, Diseases, and such other disabilities as afflict mankind.

Personal interviews between 11.30 A.M. to 6 P.M. on all week days.

PROSPECTUS FREE ON APPLICATION

THE NATIONAL ASTROLOGICAL BUREAU,

Holland House, Next to Hotel Majestic, Colaba Causeway, Fort, BOMBAY.

It Pays To Insure With Or To Represent

CALCUTTA INSURANCE LTD.

THE MOST PROGRESSIVE INDIAN LIFE OFFICE.

Established—1923.

Chairman of the Board of Directors:

Mr. J. C. DAS, B.Sc., (U.S.A.) R.A.

HEAD OFFICE: 15, Clive Street, Calcutta.

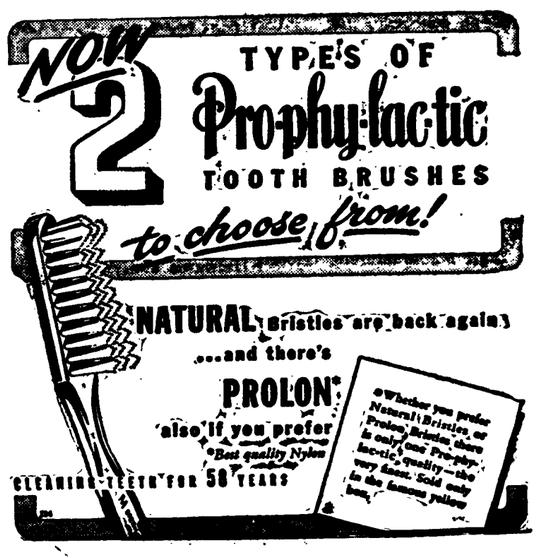
BOMBAY OFFICE: 3, Pitha Street, Off Phiroznah Mehta Road, Fort.

AMRUTANJAN

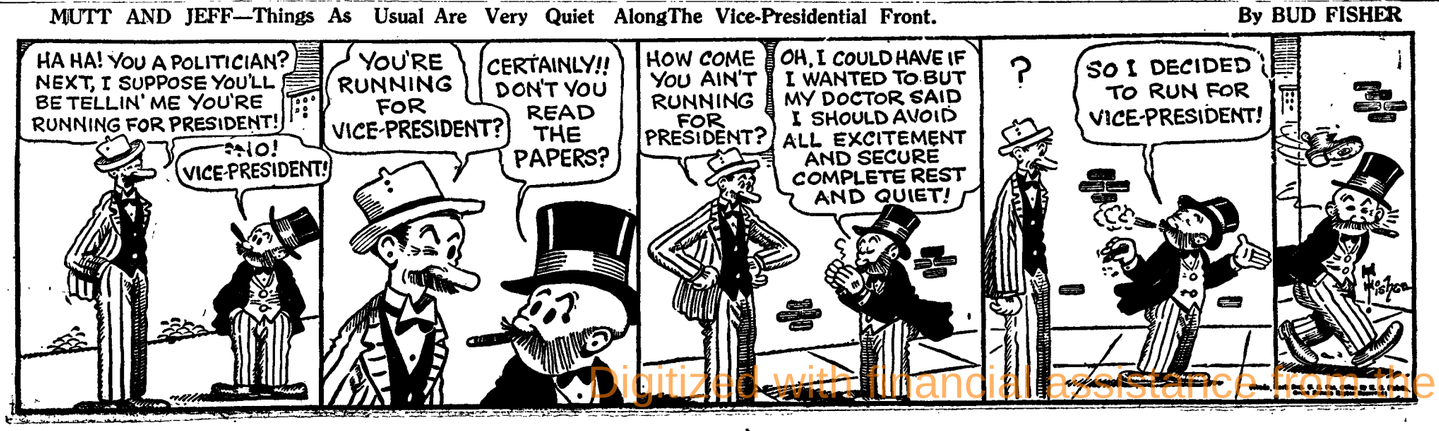
THE

ATOM BOMB

Pain Balm


NOW 2
TYPES OF
Pro-phy-lac-tic
TOOTH BRUSHES
to choose from!
NATURAL bristles are back again!
...and there's
PROLON*
also if you prefer
*Best quality Nylon
CLEANING TEETH FOR 50 YEARS
Whether you prefer Natural Bristles, or Prolon, there's one Pro-phy-lac-tic quality—the very finest. Sold only in the famous yellow box.

MUTT AND JEFF—Things As Usual Are Very Quiet AlongThe Vice-Presidential Front. By BUD FISHER


HA HA! YOU A POLITICIAN? NEXT, I SUPPOSE YOU'LL BE TELLIN' ME YOU'RE RUNNING FOR PRESIDENT!
NO! VICE-PRESIDENT!
YOU'RE RUNNING FOR VICE-PRESIDENT?
CERTAINLY!! DON'T YOU READ THE PAPERS?
HOW COME YOU AIN'T RUNNING FOR PRESIDENT?
OH, I COULD HAVE IF I WANTED TO BUT MY DOCTOR SAID I SHOULD AVOID ALL EXCITEMENT AND SECURE COMPLETE REST AND QUIET!
?
SO I DECIDED TO RUN FOR VICE-PRESIDENT!

Digitized with financial assistance from the Government of Maharashtra on 22 December, 2016

OUR TABULATED ADLETS

2 ANNAS PER WORD.
MINIMUM Rs. 1/8/-.
To be paid in advance.

SITUATIONS VACANT

Wanted Technicians qualified and experienced Chemical Electrical and Mechanical Engineers and Chemists, Electricians and Mechanics for Caustic Soda Chlorine Group of Plants in Bombay. Good pay according to ability. Apply Box No. 1226, "Bombay Chronicle."

Wanted:—Matrics, Non-Matrics for sub-agencies establishments in Bombay Presidency. Apply The Indo Finance & Transportation Corporation, Delhi. (1239)

Wanted—A Sub-Editor for Hindi Section, knowledge of good Hindi essential. Must be able to translate from English to Hindi. Salary Rs. 100-5-150. Apply Managing Editor, National Press Syndicate, India, 74, Laxmi Building, Sir Pherozeshah Mehta Road, Bombay. 1222

Wanted A Shorthand Typist for part-time work in morning, thrice a week in Parsi Colony Dadar. Apply stating particulars and salary desired. Box No 1228, "Bombay Chronicle."

Wanted a second-class Boiler Certificate-holder for running a small Boiler in a pharmaceutical works. Apply with testimonials. Box No. 1223 "Bombay Chronicle."

Wanted experienced Custom Clerk conversant with export import works. Apply Post Box No. 2233, Bombay. 1232

Wanted for Hume High School, Byculla, Bombay, Graduates and Undergraduates, a Drawing Teacher a Hindustani Teacher and Physical Instructor (Kandivli Course), Marathi knowing and B.T.s or S.T.Cs. preferred. Also a 2nd year trained for the Primary Dept. Apply, Hon. Principal. (1199)

Wanted a Mechanical Engineer. Graduate necessary. Salary Rs. 200-40-320/E.B. 20-400, with dearness allowance. Candidates with special qualifications may be considered for a higher start. Apply before 7th April, 1946, furnishing details on qualifications, experience, etc., to The General Manager, Sarabhai Chemicals. Post Box No. 31, Baroda 7203

Wanted experienced matriculate Copy-holders. Apply with certificate to the manager. The "Bombay Chronicle" between 12 and 1 p. m.

Wanted experienced compositors and Lino correctors. Apply with certificate to the manager. The "Bombay Chronicle" between 12 and 1 p. m.

ACCOMMODATION WANTED

Required complete building for manufacturing woollen goods on lease to twenty years Write full details to Box No. 1188. "Bombay Chronicle."

Wanted immediately one to three Rooms Block with water light conveniences in Bombay or Bombay-Malad Suburbs. Rent upto 125/- monthly. Write Mysore Silks & Products, Villeparle. Bombay. (1181)

HOTELS (IN HILL STATION)

Matheran—Visit Central Hotel. Phone No. 28. (1213)

SITUATIONS WANTED

Twelve Years experienced Stenographer/General Assistant, aged 29, capable of handling correspondence independently and writing Shorthand at 150 words and Typewriting 60 words per minute, seeks permanent position. Additional Qualifications:—Knowledge of Accounts, conversant with all office routine work and proficiency in Hindi. Excellent references. Good pay expected. Please reply Box No. 1231, "Bombay Chronicle."

EDUCATIONAL ADLETS

A Batch for Vacation—Davar's College of Commerce—Enrol immediately for all Specialisation and Professional Diploma Courses for training throughout vacation for making up with batch enrolled January 1946. Call or write for Prospectus, 51, Esplanade Road. 1230

Hurry up. Application for Forms are being made for Senior Cambridge Examination. Non-Matriculates eligible Mathematics, Second Language omissible. Oral/Postal tuition. Evening Classes. Prospectus from Bombay Tutorial College, opposite Jer Mahal, Dhobitalao. 1154

BOOKS & MAGAZINES

Handbook of Sarva Religion by Sabramaniar Katiresu. Santhome, Madras.—Opinions, serious, sober, devotional, scholarly, 2/8. 1233

AGENTS WANTED

Wanted Organisers and Agents on Salary or Commission for a leading life office. Apply R. S. Chowdhary, Post Box 814, Bombay (1167)

Wanted Agents or wholesale Dealers, the Krishna Button Mfg. Co., Dacca, (Bengal) (1212)

Wanted Stockist Agents in every City and Town to sell our Madras Snuff. For samples and terms apply to T. Govindasawmy Naidu & Co., Snuff Manufacturers, Choolai, Madras. (1237)

LOANS & MORTGAGES

Loans given against Pro-Notes, Ornaments, Shops, Policies, Salary. Cheap interest. Kantilal Company. 28, New Hanumanlane, Kalbadevi. (1227)

MISCELLANEOUS FOR SALE

Portable Typewriter 455/-, Pearls' Carpet 501/-, Big-size-ruby and genuine pearls' pendant 350/-, New Dilruba 55/-, Two New Chairs 25/-, Hariprasad Gupta, 65, New Hanuman Lane, Kalbadevi, Time 10-1. 1234

PUBLIC NOTICES

TENDER NOTICE

THE DIVISIONAL ENGINEER, G.I.P. Railway, Bombay, invites tenders upto 3 P.M. on 5-4-1946, in connection with "construction of 10 ft. high compound wall and alterations to track for the Stores Yard Matunga Workshops." The schedule, tender and conditions of contract, can be had from his office, on payment of Rs. 2|- per set. Plans for the work will be supplied on an additional payment of Rs. 3|- being made. These sums will not be refunded. (7224)

PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION BOMBAY-SIND.

APPLICATIONS ARE INVITED before 4-5-1946 from persons who have rendered approved war service and who are preferably natives of the Bombay Province for two posts of ASSISTANT MARKETING OFFICERS IN THE BOMBAY CO-OPERATIVE SERVICE CLASS II. PAY.—Rs. 150|- during first two years and Rs. 170-500 thereafter, PLUS war allowance admissible under the rules. AGE.—Not less than 21 years or ordinarily not more than 25 years (28 years in the case of Backward and Intermediate classes including Muslims) on 1-7-1946. The upper age-limit may be relaxed upto 30 years in the case of candidates with good academic qualification and|or previous experience. Period of approved war service rendered after attaining the age of 21 years will be excluded in computing the age. QUALIFICATIONS.—A degree in Agriculture, Economics or Commerce and knowledge of Indian rural economy and marketing of agriculture and livestock produce. Application forms supplied on receipt of a large addressed envelope bearing 3½ annas postage stamps, by Secretary, Bombay-Sind Public Service Commission, Bombay, who will also supply full details on request. (7216)

THE NEW SWASTIK LIFE ASSURANCE CO., LTD., BOMBAY.

NOTICE

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that a MEETING of the Policyholders of the Company will be held at the Company's Head Office at Albert Building, Hornby Road, Fort, Bombay, on Saturday the 29th June, 1946, at 2-30 P.M. (S.T.) to elect 3 Directors to the Board, AS PER NOTICE SENT TO ALL POLICYHOLDERS INDIVIDUALLY BY POST.

Applications from eligible persons prepared to accept office as elected Directors should be sent by registered post to the Head Office of the Company so as to reach it on or before the 28th APRIL, 1946.

Policyholders desiring to attend the Meeting should apply to the Head Office of the Company for a Certificate of Admission, and such application should reach the Head Office on or before 28th APRIL, 1946. Only Policyholders producing Certificate of Admissions will be admitted to the Meeting. Votes for the election of Directors may be given at the Meeting either personally or by proxy. The instrument appointing a proxy should be in favour of a Policyholder and should be deposited at the Head Office of the Company at least one month before the date of the Meeting. Proxy forms can be had from the Company on application.

By order of the Board,
P. D. CHURI,
Jt. Managing Director.
Bombay, 23rd March, 1946.
(7204)

"PUBLIC AUCTION SALE OF SALVAGED STORES"

A PUBLIC AUCTION SALE will be held at the Salvage Sub-Depot, Kamptee, on March 30, 1946, commencing at 10-30 a.m. promptly. Highest bid will be subject to the approval of the Disposals Officer supervising the sale. Other conditions of the sale will be announced at the commencement of the sale. Government reserve the right to withdraw any articles upto the time of acceptance of bids.

Large quantities of Mild Steel Scrap, Cotton Rags, Miscellaneous Ferrous Metal, Scrap, Tin Plate Scrap, Containers (Tin & Terne Plate 4 gallon), Nails, Mixed Metal Scrap, Cast Iron, Acre (Aluminium) Scrap, Gunny old, etc., will be put up for sale.

Besides, 92 M. T. Vehicles of different types, makes and models, U./s broken M. T. Parts, Rubber Scrap consisting of Tyres and Tubes will also be offered for sale. 7185

FURNITURES FOR SALE

For Sale:—Office Furniture by John Roberts, gas and sanitary fittings, Surgical instruments, Surgical tables, outfit, Diathermy machine, Rotary Converter and other electrical appliances of the best English and foreign make. Owner retiring. Apply Box No. 1219, "Bombay Chronicle."

MISCELLANEOUS ADLETS

Lyndon Silver and Metal Polish.— Keeps your Silver, Brass and metalwares always bright and shining. Available at all stores. Distributors: Associated Imports & Exports Co., Ltd., 49|51, Lohar Chawl, Bombay. (7123)

MISCELLANEOUS WANTED

Wanted Litho Printing Chess, Ludo Snakes Posters in substantial quantity. State minimum rates. Apply to Box No. 1236, "Bombay Chronicle".

Wanted 1,000 yds. rexine foreign make. Please communicate with Famous Cine Litho Works, 40B, Clerk Road, Jacob Circle, Bombay 11. Phone 43330. 1229

PUBLIC NOTICES

NOTICE

DIRECTORATE GENERAL OF DISPOSALS
(Misc. Stores Directorate)

TENDERS ARE INVITED for the purchase of the following chemicals available at places shown against them:—

Nomenclature	Quantity.	Location.
Borax Powder specn. 1. C.W. 7.	951 cwts. 88 lbs.	Ordnance Factory, Khamaria.
Calcium silicide Pure size 100 specn. 1.C.W.21.	582 cwts. 16 lbs.	-do-
-do-	232 cwts. 16 lbs.	Ammunition Factory, Kirkee.
Dinitro Alpha napthol.	144.5 lbs.	Ordnance Factory, Khamaria.
Borax crystal commercial.	98 cwts.	H.E. Factory, Kirkee.
Borax (Commercial quality).	110 cwts. 47 lbs.	M|S. Indian Galvanising Co., Ltd., Howrah.

2. The stores are in good condition and were purchased to Government specifications but will be sold subject to the conditions of the contract laid down in form Con. 117 which can be seen at the offices of the Regional Commissioners at Calcutta, Bombay, Madras, Cawnpore, Karachi and Lahore and Director General of Disposals, New Delhi.

3. The stores can be inspected ex-site on permits to be issued by Director General of Disposals, New Delhi on request.

4. Offers in tenderer's own form in a sealed cover superscribed "Tender No. DGD|SR-3165|CHM due by 4 P.M. on 8-4-46" should be accompanied by a deposit at call receipt for Rs. 500|- deposited as earnest money in the Imperial or Reserve Bank of India or a Government Treasury in favour of Director General of Disposals, New Delhi.

5. Tenders should reach Director of Disposals, Shahjahan Road, New Delhi, by 4 P.M. on 8-4-46.

6. Offers should remain open for acceptance upto 8-5-46.

7. Delivery of the stores will be ex-site and removal should be completed within a fortnight of the date of acceptance of the tender.

8. Tenderers are at liberty to quote for the entire quantities or a portion thereof.

9. Rates should be quoted for the units stated against each item. (7229)

BOMBAY MUNICIPALITY

NOTICE

THE FOLLOWING PLOTS will be put to public auction by the undersigned in his office at 2-30 P.M. (S.T.) on the dates mentioned against them:—

Scheme	Estate or locality.	Plot No.	Approximate area in square yards.	User.	Deposit payable.	Date of Auction.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
*57	Sewri Wadala South at Sewri Cross Road.	Case No. 55 (together with the burnt structure)	658	Godowns for storing materials.	100	2-4-46
*(to be let on monthly tenancy basis only)						
52	Worli.	25-C	1551	Residences	1000	2-4-46
		26	1900	"	1000	2-4-46
		36	1900	"	1000	2-4-46
		39	1900	"	1000	2-4-46
		39-A	1583	"	1000	2-4-46
		40	1900	"	1000	2-4-46
		42-A	1467	"	1000	2-4-46
58	Worli Extension.	56	2370	"	2000	4-4-46
		57	1722	"	2000	4-4-46
		66	1486	"	2000	4-4-46
		69	2439	"	2000	4-4-46
		86	1250	Shops, Offices Godowns & Residences.	3000	4-4-46
		106	2986	"	2000	4-4-46
		107	2916	"	2000	4-4-46
		108	2847	"	2000	4-4-46
		109	2835	"	2000	4-4-46

Parties desiring to bid at the auction will have, prior to the auction to deposit with the Municipality the amount mentioned against each plot. If payment is to be made by cheques, they should be sent at least three days prior to the date of auction. No cheques will be accepted on the date of auction, except from recognised Architects or Brokers An unsuccessful bidder for a plot can avail himself of his deposit for bidding for the next plot. A successful bidder, however, will have to pay a fresh deposit before bidding for the next plot. The deposit will be forfeited if the approved bidder withdraws his bid.

Copies of full particulars of auction and special conditions relating to the plot to be leased together with a site plan will be supplied on application to the undersigned on payment of Annas Eight in each case.

The conditions of the lease and other particulars can be inspected at the office of the undersigned during office hours on any working day except Saturday.

A. R. MANERIKAR,
Estate Agent & Land Manager.
Bombay, 23rd March, 1946.
7230

THIS IS NOT A PROSPECTUS BUT AN ANNOUNCEMENT ONLY

THE PIONEER TEA CO. LIMITED

Registered Office:—86-B, Clive Street, CALCUTTA.

AUTHORISED CAPITAL... Rs. 12,00,000

PRESENT ISSUE

ISSUED CAPITAL .... Rs. 5,00,000

Divided into 25,000 Ordinary shares of Rs. 10/- each, 2,000 six per cent free of Income Tax Cumulative Redeemable Preference shares of Rs. 100/- each and 50,000 deferred shares of Re. 1/- each.

Board of Directors include experienced business magnates and experts tea planters.

CHINAGOOR TEA ESTATE

The Agreement of purchase of the Chinagoor Tea Estate, a first class profit earning tea garden in Cachar District of Assam, owned by Brae & Chinagoor Tea Estate Ltd., a Company incorporated in Great Britain under Thomas Burlow & Bros., East Cheap, London, has been completed with Messrs. Gillanders Arbuthnot & Co., Calcutta by which the latter argeed to sell the Estate for Rs. 11,50,000/- in Cash, which property Messrs. Indian Planters Ltd. will in turn transfer to the Company at an agreed price of Rs. 12,00,000/- inclusive of all expenses, preliminary and incidental stamps, registrations and Solicitors fees.

AREA OF THE TEA ESTATE

The garden is well equipped with a three storied magnificent factory with all sorts of modern machineries. ESTIMATED YIELD IN THE CURRENT YEAR IS 5,500 MDS. OF TEA.

GOOD PROFIT EXPECTED FROM THE VERY 1ST WORKING YEAR 1946.

Prospectus, Share forms and Particulars available on application.

CAPABLE AGENTS WANTED FOR SALE OF SHARES.

(7137)

PUBLIC NOTICES

B. B. & C. I. RAILWAY

WITH IMMEDIATE EFFECT the number of parcels, including perishables, that will be accepted daily for booking at this Railway's Booking Offices in Bombay will be as given below. After this number has been tendered for despatch, booking will be stopped:—

Booking Offices:	No. of parcels:		
Bombay Central Parcel Office,	4500 of which not more than 200 may be for via Ahmedabad.		
Church Gate.	600	100	"
Crawford Market.	400	50	"
Kalbadevi.	400	50	"
Girgaum.	100	25	"
Dadar.	100	25	"

Other Booking Offices—Nil.

No package exceeding 1 maund 20 seers in weight will be accepted for outward booking at Bombay Central Parcel Office at Grant Road and 1 maund when tendered at other City Booking Offices including Church Gate and Dadar Stations.

Not more than 10 parcels from any one consignor per day will be accepted from City Booking Offices including Church Gate and Dadar Stations. Consignors having more than this number or heavier parcels upto 1 maund 20 seers should book them from Bombay Central Parcel Office, who will book parcels upto the maximum of the quota shown above.

These restrictions do not apply to Newspapers, Periodicals and Books when tendered for despatch from Bombay Central and Church Gate Stations. (7227)

NOTICE.

APPLICATIONS ARE INVITED from ladies only for the post of a Lecturer in Indian Music, in the grade of Rs. 200-10-350. Minimum qualifications required:—Graduate or Diploma holder of any well-known Music Institution or having studied under a well-known Musician for at least 5 years.

The applicant must have adequate teaching experience and should have administrative and organising ability. A working knowledge of English will be an additional qualification.

A higher initial salary within the grade can be given according to the qualifications. Canvassing directly or indirectly will disqualify. Selected candidates will be entitled to the benefit of Provident Fund.

Applications with full particulars especially the system of Music studied by the applicants should reach Captain M. Bashir, B.Sc. Hons. (Edin.), Registrar (A), University of the Punjab, not later than 4th April, 1946. 7221

TENDER NOTICE

THE DIVISIONAL ENGINEER, G.I.P. Railway, Bombay, invites tenders upto 3 P.M. on 5-4-1946, for "Repairing drains and providing reinforced concrete surface between Sheds 4 & 5 at Wadi Bunder." The schedule, tender & conditions of contract, can be had from his office, on payment of Rs. 2|- per set. Plans for the work will be supplied on an additional payment of Rs. 8|- being made. These will be available on and from 27th instant. The above sums will not be refunded. (7223)

THE UNITED KARNATAK INSURANCE COMPANY LTD. DHARWAR,

NOTICE.

THE MEETING of the Policy Holders for the election of four Directors to be held on 12-5-1946 is hereby CANCELLED according to the rules in force of the Insurance Act 1938 as, only four applications of Messrs.

(1) S. S. Sakri, B.A., Banker & Honorary Magistrate F. C. Bagalkot,
(2) S. H. Deshpande, B.A. LL.B., Pleader, Dharwar.
(3) Capt. R. H. Desai, B.A., Dharwar.
(4) N. K. Joshi, Dharwar

were received before 12-3-1946 and they are duly elected as policy holders' Directors.

By order of the Board
M. GOVARDHANRAO,
Manager.
Company's Office.
14-3-1946. 7232

B. B. & C. I. RAILWAY.

GRAIN SHOP DEPARTMENT

QUOTATIONS returnable on March 30th, 1946, are invited from Local Merchants in Bombay for the supply of Gram Dall, Gram Whole and Firewood (split) for this Railway's Grain Shops in the Bombay District.

TERMS OF DELIVERY AND QUANTITY: Gram Dall and Gram Whole 2,500 B.Mds. each to be delivered in suitable instalments, upto 31-5-46 delivery free at Bombay Central Grain Godown

FIREWOOD (SPLIT) DRY: 1,200 B.Mds. as and when required to be completed by 30th April, 1946, delivery free at Bassein Road Grain Shop Yard.

Earnest Money of Rs. 300/- should be deposited with the Treasurer Broad Gauge, B.B. & C.I. Railway and receipt sent along with the quotation to this Office.

Security Deposit equivalent to 10% of the total value of contract will be required from the successful tenderer.

Quotations should be addressed to The Controller Grain Shops, General Offices, Churchgate, Bombay. 7226

NOTICE

SEALED TENDERS marked "Tender for Dock Clearings" are invited by the undersigned on or before 2 P.M. on the 7th April 1946, for the work of unloading, bagging and clearing Government food-grains in the Docks, both inward and outward. Intending tenderers may obtain the Tender forms from the office of the undersigned during working hours. Government does not undertake to accept the lowest or any tender.

A. K. RAMAN,
Chief Accounts Officer,
Finance Department
(Supply)
New India Assurance Building
(5th floor),
Mahatma Gandhi Road,
Fort, Bombay. 7233

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that Share Certificates Nos. B 46339 (Tr. No. 6961) B 54671 (Tr. No. 6960) for Five Shares each Nos. 258736/740, and 258741/745 in the Reserve Bank of India, originally issued in the name of Mrs. Temina Rustomji Patel and last endorsed to the undersigned have been lost, stolen or mislaid. Due notice thereof has been given to the Bank and all persons are warned against dealing with Share Certificates in any way.

PIROJA JEHANGIR PATEL,
JEHANGIR NOWROJEE PATEL.
Shareholders. 7235

PUBLIC NOTICES

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN on behalf of our clients Messrs. VISHVA AGENCIES AND INDUSTRIES, LIMITED, that the General Power of Attorney dated 27th January, 1945, granted by our said clients to Mr. Devji Naranji has been duly revoked and cancelled by our clients.

Dated 25th March, 1946.
PANDIA & CO.,
Attorneys for Messrs. Vishva Agencies and Industries Limited.
7220

NOTICE

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that three Certificates for Ordinary Shares, numbered 1150, 1151 and 3362 of the Ahmedabad Prantij Rly. Co., Ltd., standing in the name of Babarao Hariprasad Mehta have been LOST or MISLAID.

The public are hereby warned against purchasing or dealing with the above certificates in any way, but are requested to give information about the same to the undersigned

PRANAVKUMAR BABARAO MEHTA,
Jatini Pole,
Sankdisheri, Ahmedabad.
Date: 13-3-46.
(1221)

LEGAL NOTICES

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN to the Public that our clients The Signet Press, Publishers, of 10/2 Elgin Road, Calcutta, hold the exclusive copyright in India on behalf of the author for the book 'The Discovery of India' by Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru. It has been brought to our clients' notice that some newspapers or periodicals in India are reproducing articles or part of chapters thereof from magazines published in the U.S.A. Such publication constitutes an infringement of our clients' copyright and legal steps will be taken against any newspaper, magazine or person publishing or reproducing in India any portion from the said book 'The Discovery of India.'

Dated this 11th day of March, 1946.

T. BANERJEE & CO.,
Attorneys-at-law
and
Attorneys for the
Signet Press: Publishers,
6, Old Post Office St., Calcutta.
7228

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN on behalf of our clients Messrs. MADHAVLAL AND COMPANY, LIMITED, that the General Power of Attorney dated 11th June, 1936 granted by our said clients to Mr. Devji Naranji has been duly revoked and cancelled by our clients. Notice is further given that the said Mr. Devji Naranji has ceased to be the Manager of our clients and that he is not authorised to represent or act for our clients in any manner.

Dated 25th March, 1946.
PANDIA & CO.,
Attorneys for Messrs. Madhavlal and Company, Limited.
7219

SUMMER SEASON
Juhu Ananda Nivas Hotel

EXCELLENT SITUATION Family rooms—single—double with baths Electricity—wholesome food—Book accommodation early.
1218

APPLICATIONS INVITED FOR SHARES IN THE CAPITAL OF

NATIONAL NUTRIMENTS LTD.

MANUFACTURER OF

VITA-MILK

Regtd. Office: 12, Chowringhee Sq., Calcutta.

AUTHORISED CAPITAL: Rs. 25,00,000|- (TWENTY FIVE LACS)
SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL: Rs. 21,00,000|- (TWENTY ONE LACS)
PAID-UP CAPITAL: Rs. 17,00,000|- (SEVENTEEN LACS)

Approximately as on 31-12-45.

22,000 Ordy. Shares (New) of Rs. 20|- each and a few 7½% Tax-Free Cumulative Pref. Shares are now being offered at a Premium of 10% only e.g. @ Rs. 22|- per Ordy. Share and Rs. 11|- per Pref. Share. The full value plus Re. 1|- admission fee is to be paid with application in each case.

Those subscribing these Shares within 31st March will be entitled to Dividends for the year ending 31st March, 1946.

THE CAPITAL IS TO BE DEVOTED TOWARDS EXPANSION OF FURTHER BUSINESS, eg.:—

(1) Construction of Factory Nos. 3 & 4 for Increased Production.
(2) Arrangement for Production of milk by subsiding Dairy-Farming—thereby cheapening production.
(3) Arrangement for opening a New Department for Canning & Condiments.

In order to cope with the Huge Demand of our Vita-milk our Calcutta & Benares Factories work Day & Night. Our Third-Factory at Darbhanga (with two complete sets of milk Drying plants recently imported) is nearing completion.

FOR SHARES PLEASE APPLY TO:—Managing Agents, 12, Chowringhee Sq., Calcutta.

Printed and published for the Bombay Chronicle Co., Ltd., by MICHAEL ANDRADES at the Bombay Chronicle Press, Red Building, Parsi Bazar Street, Fort, Bombay.